

SHIP PCT Cluster

Serving Southampton City, Hampshire, Isle of Wight and Portsmouth City

SHIP in profile

This paper has been produced to provide a profile 'snapshot' of the new SHIP cluster and its four constituent PCTs with an emphasis on key facts and information. Whilst this first iteration of the document contains some basic background information, the intention is to add further sections and suggestions for these are welcomed.

This paper contains the following:

- 1. PCT contact details
- 2. Geographical and political PCT boundaries, population, councils (including web links from electronic version), MPs
- 3. NHS and primary care Spend, GPCCs, primary care and main providers
- 4. GP consortia by area
- 5. Health profiles children and young people
- 6. Health profiles adults and life expectancy
- 7. Patient satisfaction top five areas from ICM survey
- 8. Patient dissatisfaction top five areas from ICM survey
- 9. Public perception of NHS priorities for the future from ICM survey
- 10. Engagement and consultation activity SHIP-wide and PCT-specific

1 PCT CONTACT DETAILS

NHS Southampton City	HQ Address	Trust Headquarters, Oakley Road, Southampton, SO16 4GX					
	Phone	023 8029 6904	Fax	023 8029 6960			
	Web	www.southamptonhealth.nhs.uk					
	Twitter	http://twitter.com/#!/nhs_southampton	Facebook	http://www.facebook.com/NHSSouthampton			
NHS Hampshire	HQ Address	Omega House, 112 Southampton Road, E	Omega House, 112 Southampton Road, Eastleigh, Hants SO50 5PB				
	Phone	0238 062 7444	Fax	0238 064 4789			
	Web	www.hampshire.nhs.uk					
	Twitter	http://twitter.com/#!/NHSHampshire	Facebook	-			
NHS Isle of Wight	HQ Address	St Mary's Hospital, Parkhurst Road, Newport, Isle of Wight PO30 5TG					
	Phone	01983 524081	Fax				
	Web	www.iow.nhs.uk					
	Twitter	-	Facebook	-			
NHS Portsmouth	HQ Address	Trust Headquarters, St James' Hospital, Locksway Road, Portsmouth PO4 8LD					
	Phone	023 9282 2444	Fax	023 9268 4801			
	Web	www.portsmouth.nhs.uk					
	Twitter	http://twitter.com/#!/nhs_portsmouth	Facebook	www.facebook.com/NHSPortsmouth			

2 GEOGRAPHICAL AND POLITICAL

	Population	Councils	MPs
uthampton Cit the west, thling to the ast.	y 250,000	Southampton City	Alan Whitehead, Soton Test (Lab) John Denham, Soton Itchen (Lab) Caroline Nokes, Romsey/Stn N (Con)
ding cities of on	1,260,000	Hampshire County Council Basingstoke and Deane BC East Hampshire DC Eastleigh BC Fareham BC Gosport BC Hart DC Havant BC New Forest DC Rushmoor BC Test Valley BC Winchester City	Caroline Dineage, Gosport (Con) Chris Huhne, Eastleigh (LD) Damian Hinds, East Hants (Con) David Willetts, Havant (Con) George Hollingbery, Meon V (Con) Gerald Howarth, Aldershot (Con) Mark Hoban, Fareham (Con) James Arbuthnot, NE Hants (Con) Steve Byrne, Winchester (Con)
	140,000	Isle of Wight	Andrew Turner (Con)
th City Counc , Wymering, ngton located		Portsmouth City	Mike Hancock CBE, Ports Sth (LD) Penny Mordaunt, Ports Nth (Con)
ngton located	k	1,850,000	

3 NHS AND PRIMARY CARE

	Spend 10/11	GPCC	Primary Care	Main NHS Providers
NHS Southampton City	£410m	Southampton City GPCC	GP Practices - 37 Dentists - 25 Pharmacies - 45 Opticians - 12	Southampton University Hospitals NHS Trust Solent Healthcare NHS Trust
NHS Hampshire	£1900m	- Fareham and Gosport - A3 (Havant, Waterlooville, part of East Hampshire) - Calleva (Basingstoke/area) - Rushmoor - West (Winchester, Andover, Eastleigh and New Forest)	GP Practices - 146 Dentists - 181 Pharmacies - 231 Opticians - 147	Portsmouth Hospitals NHS Trust Southampton University Hospitals NHS Trust Basingstoke and North Hampshire NHS Foundation Trust* Frimley Park NHS Foundation Trust Southern Health NHS Foundation Trust
NHS Isle of Wight	£267m	Isle of Wight GPCC	GP Practices - 21 Dentists - 33 Pharmacies - 31 Opticians - 18	St Mary's Hospital, IOW (plus PCT provision)
NHS Portsmouth	£415m	Portsmouth GPCC	GP Practices - 28 Dentists - 25 Pharmacies - 39 Opticians - 16	Portsmouth Hospitals NHS Trust Solent Healthcare NHS Trust
TOTALS	£2992m		GP Practices - 232 Dentists - 264 Pharmacies - 346 Opticians - 193	* (acquiring Winchester/Eastleigh Healthcare Trust)

4 GP CONSORTIA BY AREA

SHIP Area - Emerging GP Commissioning Consortia NHS SHIP PCT Cluster Calleva (Basingstoke West Hampshire 536,643 area) 208,656 Birton and Web Reploe Pery View Riacoce North East Hampshire The Beggalwood Surgery STURES Surgery New Forest Central Medical Knoppher Health Control 169,149 Alma Road Surgery Shahmoware House Health Corne TWO CHIEF ARMS I FAVORE Chawton Park Surgery Offind Drive Surgery Old Anchor Surgery Ringwood Medical Centre Healthcare Centre **Best Barn Surgery** Victoria Practicis North Eachboliny Surgery Lyndhunz Surgery Brandlys Grange Partnership The Norder Printer harrier Corner Surgery The Frysin Surgery Testvale Surgery Hampshire Healthcare Centrel Princes Gardens Surgery The California Bractice Conversions Medical Control Nichtmade Surpey The Wilson Fractice. Marfield Medical Certific Southins Group Practice The Brownill Surgery Chireham Medical Corne Tutton Health Centre Mirmone Surgery Southwood Fraction Treyford Surgery Bermada Practice The Willington Fractice Forenside Medical Centre Righmond Surgery Stockbridge Surgery CIRt Surgery. Chawton House Surgery First Medical Corne Martingly Surgery The Annual to Medical Overtim and Guidey Practice Waterfront and Scient. Alexander House Surgery Crondal New Yurgery Court Ham Practice Charles Hill Surgery North Carro Surgery James House Survey The Fordingtondor Surgery Crown Heights Medical Centre Widten Stoup Surgers Rookudown Practice Formit Glate Surgery Sr. Clement's Surpery Sides Webuil Potoenhie The Boll & Green Practice A3 (Havant, Waterlooville and Boundaries Surgery Weberie Surgery & Milford Medical Center East Hampshire) 169,149 St hairs Surgery **Gilles Health Centre** New Milton Hunth Certin The Adelaide Medical The Hushwood Fartnership Complain Family Ruction Reveal End Surgery. Thus Remotioned Asherbital Hook & Harriey Wintney Practice-The Assuration Practice The Homewoll Fractice Marshell rivik Surgery Abbey Meet Surgery Odhan Hoth Cente. Swan Surgery Havard Surgery Einsworth Surgery Balman Waltham Surgery Boyett Wood Surgery The Weterode Medical The lieu Practice Shipfield Sorrig Medical Heage End Medical Comm-Clarifield Surgery States Ledge Surgery Park & 52 Tranco Surgerars Restricts Partnership First Lane Medical St Mey's Surgery West End Surgery Growelly Surpey The Giringe Surgery Gramon Surgery **Bursledon Surgery** Highies Surgery Derimond Health Centre Airedard Surgery Larghinder Procince Prictice Sidenwood Surery The Village Surgery. The Francisco Practice Parkode Fraction Ephool & List Surgery Libhook Village Surgery Whiteharth Surgery SE ANSWAYS SUSSAY room Surpry Rowlands Cardle Surgery - The Curiew Practice BlackShown Health Centre Denvidson Divic Middle Park Surgery Bankley Village Surgery Statistics Surgery Southampton 234,600 Portsmouth 200,000 Administration of Surgery Multiern House Surgers The Health House. Ringston Descent Surgery technis lowel Surgery Allowmoon Surgery Alma Medical Centre Queen Road Surgery Conturn Fark House Old five Station Surprey Athertry Income Surgery Sorters Town Health Personal Road Surgery Bargate Medical Centre Paulopore Sargeri Raymond Road Surgery Isle of Wight 140,200 John Founds Medical. Buth Lodge Procise The Devonstille Practice Regents flork Surgery **Handes** Bitterne Park Surgery Bracks Houth Tastell Carabidose Health Contre-Carabel Road Surgery St Denys Surpery Brook House Surgery Fareham and Gosport 198,834 Salisbury Road Surgery Bench Crow Surpris **Warmby Russ Surgers** It Many's Surpley Surges Road Surgery The Orbonne Phictics Earl Cown Health Carlos Million Park Practice St Peter's Surgery Brookmany Medical Centre: Brookmana Medical Centre Carnete Surgery Sorrogade Shedelel Centre The Hopes Process Bretch Grow Surgery, Lake Siorth Nerbour Medical Chercal Bracker Sortive Court Surgery Dee-on-Scient Hearth Sound Hulth Carby Take fourt Hourt Corne Egilmanie Surgery, Ryde The Market Practice. Фин Brook Lane Surgery Choviot Road Surgery Stonetham Lane Surgery Beffire Surgery Dunklin Modezal Carrier The Drugen Steamy Motors Walthcare Manor Way Surpey Grove Marchal Practice Switch Surgery Kirklands Sungary Hermand Road Surgery The Walter Procine Gosport Medical Centre Highfield Houses Some Medical Centre. University rewith Service Indexing Commit Promos Southern Medical Creme Medica Healthcare, New Stoke Road Merical Carone Bury Road Surgery Grave House Surgery 168 Line Surgery Northern Riad Scroony Earlywy Health Cartin Victor Street Surgery Sarheld Road Surgery St Helens Medical Centre Horselms Health Care tockswood Surpey. Westlands Medical Carees **University Surpeys** Walnut Tier Surprise Sandhun Health Contro Cower Medical Carrier Promotocolor Hausen, Canton Watersale Medical Centre Quantum Wall Heathque Contre West End Board Surpey Brookside Health Certini The Whelin Proctor Latin Volt Printer Jobbee Surgery Centre Practice Derby Road Group Fraction Weston Lane Sursery Linfield Surgery Bruns Medical Centre the Whiteley Surgery Meetings Medical Correspondence Town House Surgery Croskhovi Surgery Londonit Houth Corne Wastern Lodge Surjey Highlands Medical Centre THE RECEIPTION Boarne bouth Carms

5 HEALTH PROFILES 2010: Communities, children and young people

	Deprivation	Children in poverty	Smoking in pregnancy	Physically active children	Obese Children	Teenage pregnancy
NHS Southampton	55719	10752	583	9796	200	203
City	24.6%	28.4%	17%	41.2%	9.3%	53.7 per 1000
NHS Hampshire	39420	30303	1796	88511	1058	789
	3.1%	12.4%	13.1%	57.5%	8.6%	32.7 per 1000
NHS Isle of Wight	9039	5296	283	8634	106	94
	6.6%	22.2%	23.8%	51.2%	9.9%	35.8 per 1000
NHS Portsmouth	38109	8568	425	10893	239	164
	19.6%	25.3%	16%	53.2%	12.5%	49.3 per 1000
England average	19.9	22.4	14.6	49.6	9.6	40.9 per 1000

Indicator Notes

Deprivation: local number per year and % of people in this area living in 20% most deprived areas of England 2007

Children in poverty: local number per year and % of children living in families receiving means-tested benefits 2007 3 Crude rate

Smoking in pregnancy: local number per year and % of mothers smoking in pregnancy where status is known 2008/09

Physically active children: local number per year and % of year 1-13 pupils who spend at least 3 hours per week on high quality PE and school sport 2008/09

Obese children: local number per year and % of schoolchildren in reception year 2008/09

Teenage pregnancy: local number per year and Under-18 conception rate per 1,000 females aged 15-17 (crude rate) 2006-2008 (provisional)

Information from: www.apho.org.uk

6 HEALTH PROFILES 2010 – Adults and life expectancy

	Adults who smoke	Hip fractures over 65s	Male life expectancy	Female life expectancy	Deaths from smoking	Early deaths: heart/stroke	Early deaths: cancer
NHS Southampton	26%	207	77.6	82.1	354	175	240
City		482.5 per 100k			246.1 per 100k	89.3 per 100k	124.5 per 100k
NHS Hampshire	18.1%	1437	80	83.3	1721	837	1478
		467.1 per 100k			160.9 per 100k	56.7 per 100k	101.7 per 100k
NHS Isle of Wight	21.2%	203	78.8	82.9	256	118	221
		432.6 per 100k			172.6 per 100k	62.2 per 100k	117.8 per 100k
NHS Portsmouth	27.2%	176	76.8	82	327	154	229
		467.1 per 100k			257.2 per 100k	88.1 per 100k	131.5 per 100k
England average	22.2%	479.2	77.9	82	206.8 per 100k	74.8 per 100k	114 per 100k

Adults who smoke: % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2006-2008

Hip fractures over 65s: Local number per year and directly age-standardised rate per 100,000 population for emergency admission 2008/09

Male life expectancy: At birth, 2006-2008 Female life expectancy: At birth, 2006-2008

Deaths from smoking: Local number per year and per 100,000 population age 35+, directly age standardised rate 2006-2008

Early deaths - heart disease. Stroke: Local number per year and directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population under 75, 2006-2008

Early deaths – cancer: Local number per year and directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population under 75, 2006-2008

Information from: www.apho.org.uk

7 PATIENT SATISFACTION – TOP FIVE AREAS % (ICM Sept 2010)

	1	2	3	4	5
NHS Southampton City	Friendliness of staff (79%)	Quality of care and treatment (74%)	Dignity and respect received (70%)	Ability to get a GP appointment when needed (60%)	Access to information about services available (52%)
NHS Hampshire	Friendliness of staff (85%)	Quality of care and treatment (82%)	Dignity and respect received (77%)	Ability to get a GP appointment when needed (72%)	Cleanliness in hospitals (53%)
NHS Isle of Wight	Ability to get a GP appointment when needed (81%)	Friendliness of staff (73%)	Dignity and respect received (71%)	Quality of care and treatment (68%)	Access to information about services available (52%)
NHS Portsmouth	Quality of care and treatment (82%)	Friendliness of staff (81%)	Access to information about services available (80%)	Ability to get a GP appointment when needed (60%)	Appointment waiting times (51%)

ICM Question to which the above relates:

I am going to read out a number of aspects about the NHS in your local area. Using this card, I would like you to tell me how satisfied or dissatisfied you are with each of these locally? Base: All respondents (around 1100 people per PCT)

8 PATIENT DISSATISFACTION – TOP FIVE AREAS % (ICM Sept 2010)

	1	2	3	4	5
NHS Southampton City	Access/registration with NHS dentists (32%)	A&E Appt waiting (28%) (28%)	Ability to get GP appt (23%)	Clean Waiting lists –ops (19%)	Access to info about services available (12%)
NHS Hampshire	Access/registration with NHS dentists (36%)	Appt waiting (26%)	A&E waiting (24%)	Ability to get GP appt (21%)	Clean hospitals (18%)
NHS Isle of Wight	Access/registration with NHS dentists (30%)	Appt waiting (19%)	Waiting lists –ops (17%)	A&E waiting (16%)	Clean Info about services (13%) (13%)
NHS Portsmouth	Access/registration with NHS dentists (31%)	Appt waiting (28%)	Ability to get GP appt (24%)	A&E waiting (20%)	Waiting lists –ops (17%)

ICM Question to which the above relates:

I am going to read out a number of aspects about the NHS in your local area. Using this card, I would like you to tell me how satisfied or dissatisfied you are with each of these locally? Base: All respondents (around 1100 people per PCT)

9 REPORTED TOP PRIORITY AREAS FOR LOCAL NHS PROVISION % (ICM Sept 2010)

	1	2	3	4
NHS Southampton City	Getting GP appointment when needed (14%)	Shorter waiting – hours GP surgeries (8%) (8%)	Improved access to NHS dentists (7%)	More money (5%) More nurses (5%)
NHS Hampshire	Shorter waiting – appt (10%)	Access to dentist (9%) Longer hours GP surgeries (9%)	Getting GP appointment when needed (8%)	More money (5%)
NHS Isle of Wight	Shorter waiting – appt (13%)	Improved access to NHS dentists (7%)	Most effective treatment and drugs (7%)	Longer Dignity and respect (6%)
NHS Portsmouth	GP appt (16%) Access to dentist (16%)	Shorter waiting – appts (12%)	Shorter waiting lists – ops (5%)	Longer hours GP surgeries (5%)

ICM Question to which the above relates:

What three things would you say would most improve the NHS in your local area? Base: All respondents (around 1100 people per PCT)

10 Engagement and consultation activity – SHIP-wide and PCT-specific

Issue	Brief summary of engagement/ consultation activity	Which PCT / Trust is leading this	What is the time frame (start / end dates)	What are the linkages, if any, to other consultations and are these being addressed in consultation material?
SHIP wide				
Major Trauma	Engagement (or communications?) regarding proposals for units in the major trauma network across the Wessex region.	NHS Southampton City and NHS Hampshire for SHIP	Proposing June 2011 – September/October 2011	Links to Stroke and Vascular Surgery. Propose to keep separate to avoid confusion and affects of issues in other areas e.g. vascular/PHT
Stroke	Engagement (or communications?) regarding proposals for stroke services across South Central	NHS Southampton City and NHS Hampshire for SHIP	Proposing June 2011 – September/October 2011	Links to Major Trauma and Vascular Surgery. Propose to keep separate to avoid confusion and affects of issues in other areas e.g. vascular/PHT
Vascular Surgery	Engagement (or communications?) regarding proposals for vascular surgery services across South Central	Currently SHA	Presentation to Portsmouth HOSP on June 9, 2011. Wider engagement timescale to be determined	Links to Major Trauma and Stroke. Propose to keep separate to avoid confusion and issues in this area affecting the others.
Hampshire Autism Strategy	Early engagement to inform a joint draft Autism strategy for Hampshire residents with Hampshire County Council	Hampshire County Council	May 2011 - 2012	No links
SHIP Equality delivery system	Engaging local interests to inform them about EDS and get feedback.	NHS Hampshire for SHIP and constituent providers	March 2011 to June 2011. Engagement on equality data from Sept to Dec 2011.	Links to all projects.

Issue	Brief summary of engagement/ consultation activity	Which PCT / Trust is leading this	What is the time frame (start / end dates)	What are the linkages, if any, to other consultations and are these being addressed in consultation material?
Adult mental health in Hampshire	Engagement underway with service users, carers and advocate groups on the future model of care for adult mental health in Hampshire.	Southern Health NHS Foundation Trust	April 2011 – July 2011. Report to Hampshire HOSC in July 2011 for decision on formal consultation.	Older people's mental health.
Review of Children's Congenital Heart Services in England	National consultation supported by local activity centred on keeping services at SGH.	National consultation	 Responses required by 1st July 2011 PCT has reached conclusion and is supportive of Option B. Substantial local concern about Southampton only appearing in one option and question marks over travel time data used. 	
IoW	1			
Provider Options Appraisal	Work to establish the clinical and financial feasibility of an Island based provider Foundation NHS Trust has been underway since November 2010.	Local - NHS IoW	 November 2010 onwards Agreement being sought on 31/5/11 to start formal discussions with SHIP PCT Cluster and SHA. 	Links made to many national, regional and local changes to NHS and public sector services. Tied in closely to QIPP and reform agenda.
Car Parking	Gauge views on what patients, public and staff on Island would like to do about travel arrangements to and specifically parking at, St. Mary's Hospital, Newport	Local - NHS IoW	 Six week formal consultation ended on 13th May 2011. Responses currently being collated and reviewed. 	None

Issue	Brief summary of engagement/ consultation activity	Which PCT / Trust is leading this	What is the time frame (start / end dates)	What are the linkages, if any, to other consultations and are these being addressed in consultation material?
Quality Account	Consultation on the content of the 2011 Quality Account - mainly focussed on stakeholder groups	Local NHS IoW	May and June 2011	None
Pharmacy Locality Areas	Consultation on the areas allocated to pharmacies - mainly focussed on the pharmaceutical trade	Local - NHS loW	Due to start in June	None
Portsmouth and south				
Building a bright future for Chase Community Hospital, Bordon.	Inpatient beds at the hospital are underused whilst services such as the Rapid Assessment Service need more suitable accommodation. We are currently engaging with local residents about their views on current and future healthcare in the area. These views will be used to develop future options.	NHS Hampshire	May 16 to June 24, 2011	Other community hospitals in Hants. No links required in documents.
Highview Surgery, Bordon.	Highview Practice was run by a single handed GP who has been suspended by the General Medical Council. The doctor's contract has been terminated and temporary alternative arrangements are in place for	NHS Hampshire	May 16 to June 24, 2011	N/A

Issue	Brief summary of engagement/ consultation activity	Which PCT / Trust is leading this	What is the time frame (start / end dates)	What are the linkages, if any, to other consultations and are these being addressed in consultation material?
	patients. We are engaging with Highview Surgery patients about the future options for access to high quality Primary Care medical services locally.			
A new decade for local health in Portsmouth and south east Hampshire (SE sustainability plan which aims to improve the quality of services for local people while increasing productivity and reducing costs across the NHS in Portsmouth and south east Hampshire.)	Engagement on the plan through discussion with local stakeholders is on-going and updates are available online with a feedback form.	NHS Hampshire and NHS Portsmouth	August 2010 - ongoing	Current and future projects under the Sustainability Programme have individual communications and engagement plans.
Nurturing maternity services development in Portsmouth and South East Hampshire	Developing a potential new maternity service model. A communications and engagement strategy is being developed, including plans for a stakeholder group.	Portsmouth Hospitals NHS Trust	TBC	Part of the Portsmouth and South East Hampshire Sustainability Programme

Issue	Brief summary of engagement/ consultation activity	Which PCT / Trust is leading this	What is the time frame (start / end dates)	What are the linkages, if any, to other consultations and are these being addressed in consultation material?
Fitness for surgery in South East Hampshire	Local clinicians have developed a policy to support patients needing elective surgery to become smoke free. This is based on clinical evidence about increased patient outcomes. Engagement requirements and if this is considered to be a substantial change in service to be tested with Health Overview and Scrutiny Committees.	NHS Portsmouth	TBC (if required)	Part of the Portsmouth and South East Hampshire Sustainability Programme
Closure of Northern Parade Clinic, Portsmouth	NPC will close and land sold to PCC to enable a housing development on site. Some services for children and families run at clinic will move to a refurbished Battenburg Avenue Clinic a mile or so away.	Solent NHS Trust	Near complete as move takes place in June.	Part of the Portsmouth and South East Hampshire Sustainability Programme
Health visiting out of hours in Portsmouth	Developing a proposal to change service model after a review of service requirements, withdrawing HV from OOH role and reinvesting in community HV services including extra clinics.	NHS Portsmouth/Solent NHS Trust	Engagement requirements to be determined over next few months.	Urgent/unscheduled care, sustainability programme

Issue	Brief summary of engagement/ consultation activity	Which PCT / Trust is leading this	What is the time frame (start / end dates)	What are the linkages, if any, to other consultations and are these being addressed in consultation material?
Locks Road Surgery, South East Hampshire.	Partners of the Whiteley and Locks Road Surgery want to consolidate their service at their Whiteley practice and close their Locks Road base. NHS Hampshire has asked the practice to defer any decision to close Locks Road until a more detailed engagement has taken place.	NHS Hampshire working with Hampshire LINk	To commence in Autumn 2011	N/A
Ward G5	A number of recommendations/actions coming out of the IRP review will require local engagement, particularly End of Life Strategy	GPCCs to lead on End of Life Strategy review with PCT support	To be completed in time for 2012/13 commissioning plans	
St Mary's Health Campus, Portsmouth	Development of community health campus on site of St Mary's Hospital, Milton	NHS Portsmouth	Due to open fully early 2012	St Mary's ISTC/Health and Social Care Progamme/Sustainability
St Mary's Portsmouth ISTC contract	Largely communications rather than engagement from this point in – around minor service changes as part of contract renewal to Care UK eg extended opening times, prescription issues	NHS Portsmouth	Contract renewal date is 4 th July 2011	Urgent/unscheduled care

Issue	Brief summary of engagement/ consultation activity	Which PCT / Trust is leading this	What is the time frame (start / end dates)	What are the linkages, if any, to other consultations and are these being addressed in consultation material?
Health and Social Care programme: D1 ward QAH, Portsmouth decommissioning	Proposal to develop a new model of service for community based rehabilitation and reablement services as part of vision to build a health and social care system in city that supports people to develop and implement their own plans for health and well being. Moving to new model would see Ward D1 at QAH decommissioned	NHS Portsmouth	Full implementation by July 2012	St Mary's Health Campus/need to be aware of possible perceived link by public to G5 in terms of 'decommissioning a ward'
North and mid Hampsh				
Odiham Cottage Hospital, North Hampshire.	Engagement has taken place (Feb – March 2011) on the preferred model of care for healthcare and presented to HOSC in May 2011. Business case is now under development. Ongoing engagement with stakeholder group.	NHS Hampshire	Ongoing engagement with stakeholder group, Hospital Trustees and patients from June to September. Business case to be presented to Hampshire HOSC in September and formal consultation may be required.	Other community hospital projects in Hampshire.
Basingstoke and North Hampshire Hospitals Foundation trust acquisition of Winchester and Eastleigh Healthcare NHS Trust	On-going communication with high level stakeholders and staff/clinical engagement.	Basingstoke and North Hampshire Hospitals Foundation NHS Trust	On-gojng to December 2011. HOSC regularly briefed.	

Issue	Brief summary of engagement/ consultation activity	Which PCT / Trust is leading this	What is the time frame (start / end dates)	What are the linkages, if any, to other consultations and are these being addressed in consultation material?
Southampton and south	n west Hampshire			
Bitterne Walk-in Centre	Formal consultation completed. Currently communicating implementation of changes due to take place 6 th June	NHS Southampton	6 th June	Urgent Care
Hythe Hospital	Continued engagement regarding the reprovision of bed-based care to reablement model and the future services and environment on the Hythe Hospital site	NHS Hampshire	September 2010 – October/November 2011	Other engagement occurring separately for other community hospitals. No links required in documents.
Andover Birth Centre/model of care for midwife-led births in North and Mid Hampshire	Engagement on model of care for midwife led births and discussion about future of ABC.	Winchester and Eastleigh Healthcare NHS Trust	January – June 2011-05-27 Full report with proposals due at Hampshire HOSC on July 26, 2011.	Links to previous consultations on midwife lad care in SE and SW Hampshire. Also linked to likely engagement on model of care in SE Hampshire birth centres which will commence later in the year.
Older people's mental health, South West Hampshire.	Formal consultation on future of Linden ward and Willow ward at Tom Rudd Unit Moorgreen Hospital.	Southern Health NHS Foundation Trust.	May 9 – June 17, 2011	Adult mental health engagement.
End of Life Specialist palliative care review	2 Stakeholder workshops Patients Forum Briefings with OSC		April – Apr 2012	Planned Care

Issue	Brief summary of engagement/ consultation activity	Which PCT / Trust is leading this	What is the time frame (start / end dates)	What are the linkages, if any, to other consultations and are these being addressed in consultation material?
Procurement of Home Oxygen Service	Engagement of service users and lay representation on procurement panel	NHS Southampton	June	Planned Care
Review and recommission short breaks for children with complex health needs	Pre- engagement	NHS Southampton	July	Children's services
Development of interface between primary care and ED	Pre-engagement Clinical engagement	NHS Southampton	July >	Urgent Care
Increase usage of MIU	Communications campaign	Solent Healthcare	June	Urgent Care
Neuro Rehab	Commencement of engagement with services users on service redesign	NHS Southampton	May – September	Planned Care

Basingstoke and Deane

updated 28 July 2010

This profile gives a picture of health in this area. It is designed to help local government and health services improve people's health and reduce health inequalities.

Health Profiles are produced every year by the Association of Public Health Observatories.

Visit the Health Profiles website to:

- see profiles for other areas
- use interactive maps
- find more detailed information

www.healthprofiles.info



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Population 161,700

Mid-2008 population estimate

Source: National Statistics website: www.statistics.gov.uk







Basingstoke and Deane at a glance

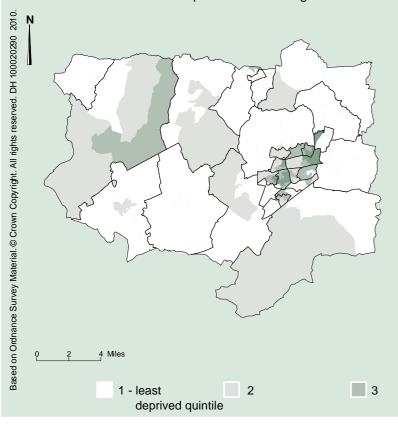
- The health of people living in Basingstoke and Deane is generally good when compared to the England average. Deprivation levels are low and life expectancy for men is better than the England average.
- The rate of violent crime is worse than the England average with over 2,700 recorded incidents in 2008/09.
- There are inequalities in health between areas within Basingstoke and Deane. Life expectancy for men living in the most deprived areas is 4 years lower than for men living in the least deprived areas.
- Over the last 10 years, the death rate from all causes combined, and early death rates from cancer and from heart disease and stroke, have fallen.
- An estimated 21% of adults smoke, similar to the England average and there are over 180 smoking related deaths each year.
- The percentage of children who spend 3 hours each week on physical activity in school is higher than the England average. 10% of children in Reception year are classified as obese, similar to the England average.
- Although the rate of hospital stays for alcohol related harm is lower than the England average, there were nearly 1,600 hospital stays in 2008/09.
- Local priorities highlighted in the Hampshire Local Area Agreement include tackling the rate of death from all causes, child obesity, teenage pregnancy and hospital admissions for alcohol related harm.
- The Hampshire Public Health Annual Report can be found at: www.hampshire.nhs.uk

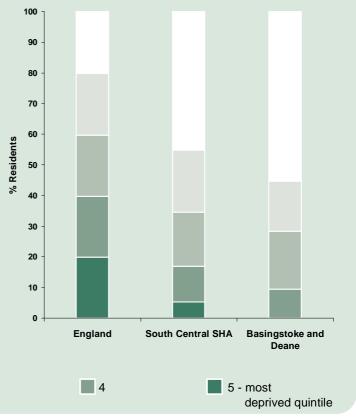


Deprivation: a national view

This map shows differences in deprivation levels in this area based on national quintiles (of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 by Lower Super Output Area). The darkest coloured areas are some of the most deprived areas in England.

This chart shows the percentage of the population in England, this region, and this area who live in each of these quintiles.





Health inequalities: a local view

This map shows differences in deprivation levels in this area based on local quintiles (of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 by Lower Super Output Area). The darkest coloured areas are the most deprived in this area.

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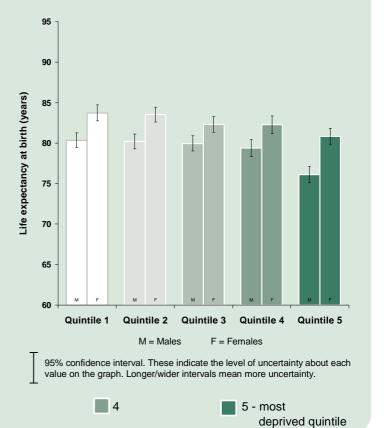
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This chart shows the life expectancy at birth for males and females (2004-2008) for each of the quintiles in this area.



deprived quintile

Health inequalities: changes over time

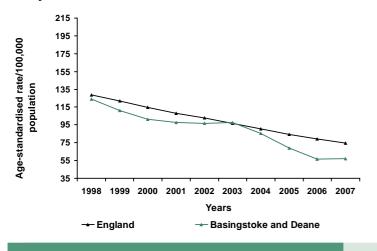
These graphs show how changes in death rates for this area compare with changes for the whole of England. Data points on the graph are mid-points of 3-year averages of yearly rates. For example the dot labelled 2003 represents the 3-year period 2002 to 2004.

Trend 1 compares rates of death, at all ages and from all causes, in this area with those for England.

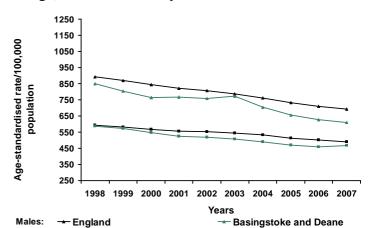
Trend 2 compares rates of early death from heart disease and stroke (in people under 75) in this area with those for England.

Trend 3 compares rates of early death from cancer (in people under 75) in this area with those for England.

Trend 2: Early death rates from heart disease and stroke



Trend 1: All age, all cause mortality

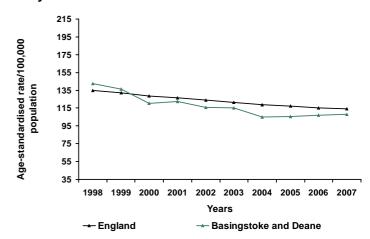


Basingstoke and Deane

Trend 3: Early death rates from cancer

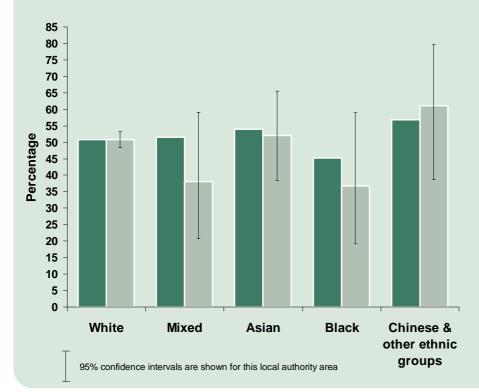
England

Females:



Health inequalities: ethnicity

This chart shows the percentage of pupils by ethnic group in this area who achieved five GCSEs in 2008/09 (A* to C grades including English and Maths). Comparing results may help find possible inequalities between ethnic groups.



England

Basingstoke and Deane

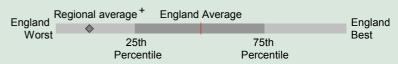
Ethnic Groups	% pupils achieved grades	No. of pupils achieved grades
White	50.8	807
Mixed	38.1	8
Asian	52.1	25
Black	36.8	7
Chinese/other	61.1	11

If there are any empty cells in the table this is because data has not been presented where the calculation involved pupil numbers of 0, 1 or 2. Some further groups may not have data presented in order to prevent counts of small numbers being calculated from values for other ethnic groups or areas.

Health summary for Basingstoke and Deane

The chart below shows how the health of people in this area compares with the rest of England. This area's result for each indicator is shown as a circle. The average rate for England is shown by the red line, which is always at the centre of the chart. The range of results for all local areas in England is shown as a grey bar. A red circle means that this area is significantly worse than England for that indicator; however, a green circle may still indicate an important public health problem.

- Significantly worse than England average
- O Not significantly different from England average
- Significantly better than England average
- O No significance can be calculated



+ In the South East Region this represents the Strategic Health Authority average

Domain	Indicator	Local No. Per Year	Local Value	Eng Avg	Eng Worst	England Range	Eng Best
	1 Deprivation	0	0.0	19.9	89.2	♦0	0.0
ties	2 Children in poverty	3957	12.2	22.4	66.5		6.0
muni	3 Statutory homelessness	n/a	n/a	2.48	9.84	\Diamond	0.00
Our communities	4 GCSE achieved (5A*-C inc. Eng & Maths)	874	50.2	50.9	32.1	○ ◆	76.1
Oni	5 Violent crime	2744	17.1	16.4	36.6	♦ •	4.8
	6 Carbon emissions	1290	8.1	6.8	14.4	0	4.1
	7 Smoking in pregnancy	252	13.1	14.6	33.5	○ ♦	3.8
p. s.	8 Breast feeding initiation	1564	79.7	72.5	39.7	\Leftrightarrow	92.7
n's ar eople alth	9 Physically active children	11516	57.2	49.6	24.6		79.1
Children's and young people's health	10 Obese children	156	10.0	9.6	14.7	○ ◆	4.7
ပင္ခ	11 Tooth decay in children aged 5 years	n/a	0.7	1.1	2.5	♦ • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	0.2
	12 Teenage pregnancy (under 18)	104	36.4	40.9	74.8	○ ♦	14.9
70	13 Adults who smoke	n/a	20.6	22.2	35.2	0 ♦	10.2
th and	14 Binge drinking adults	n/a	20.5	20.1	33.2	○ ♦	4.6
s'health lifestyle	15 Healthy eating adults	n/a	28.2	28.7	18.3		48.1
Adults' health and lifestyle	16 Physically active adults	n/a	12.1	11.2	5.4	♦0	16.6
∢	17 Obese adults	n/a	25.2	24.2	32.8	○ ◆	13.2
	18 Incidence of malignant melanoma	23	14.8	12.6	27.3	♦ IO	3.7
	19 Incapacity benefits for mental illness	1708	16.7	27.6	58.5		9.0
and	20 Hospital stays for alcohol related harm	1594	880	1580	2860		784
Disease and poor health	21 Drug misuse						
Dise	22 People diagnosed with diabetes	6359	3.93	4.30	6.72	○	2.69
	23 New cases of tuberculosis	7	4	15	110	∞	0
	24 Hip fracture in over-65s	127	470.0	479.2	643.5		273.6
	25 Excess winter deaths	64	18.2	15.6	26.3	○ ◇	2.3
	26 Life expectancy - male	n/a	79.7	77.9	73.6		84.3
' and ath	27 Life expectancy - female	n/a	82.5	82.0	78.8	○ ◊	88.9
fe expectancy and causes of death	28 Infant deaths	6	3.09	4.84	8.67	♦ 0	1.08
) sesr	29 Deaths from smoking	186	178.2	206.8	360.3	○	118.
Life e	30 Early deaths: heart disease & stroke	94	57.0	74.8	125.0	♦ ○	40.1
	31 Early deaths: cancer	176	108.1	114.0	164.3	00	70.5
	32 Road injuries and deaths	70	43.7	51.3	167.0	□	14.6

Indicator Notes

1 % of people in this area living in 20% most deprived areas of England 2007 2 % of children living in families receiving means-tested benefits 2007 3 Crude rate per 1,000 households 2008/09 4 % at Key Stage 4 2008/09 5 Recorded violence against the person crimes crude rate per 1,000 population 2008/09 6 Total end user CO₂ emissions per capita (tonnes CO₂ per resident) 2007 7 % of mothers smoking in pregnancy where status is known 2008/09 8 % of mothers initiating breast feeding where status is known 2008/09 9 % of year 1-13 pupils who spend at least 3 hours per week on high quality PE and school sport 2008/09 10 % of school children in reception year 2008/09 11 Weighted mean number of teeth per 5 yr old child sampled that were actively decayed, missing or filled 2007/08 12 Under-18 conception rate per 1,000 females aged 15-17 (crude rate) 2006-2008 (provisional) 13 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2006-2008 14 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2007-2008 15 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2006-2008 18 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population 2008/09 17 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2006-2008 18 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population 2008/09 (rounded) 21 New Problematic Drug User estimates were not available in time for inclusion 22 % of people on GP registers with a recorded diagnosis of diabetes 2008/09 23 Crude rate per 100,000 population 2006-2008 24 Directly age-standardised rate per 100,000 population 2008-2008 29 Per 100,000 population age 35+, directly age standardised rate 2006-2008 30 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population under 75, 2006-2008 31 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population under 75, 2006-2008 31 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population under 75, 2006-2008 32 Rate per 100,000 population 2006-2008

More indicator information is available in The Indicator Guide: www.healthprofiles.info For information on your area contact your regional PHO: www.apho.org.uk

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East Hampshire

updated 28 July 2010

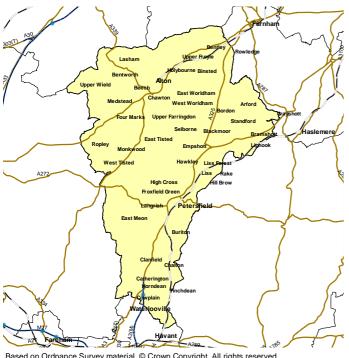
This profile gives a picture of health in this area. It is designed to help local government and health services improve people's health and reduce health inequalities.

Health Profiles are produced every year by the Association of Public Health Observatories.

Visit the Health Profiles website to:

- see profiles for other areas
- use interactive maps
- find more detailed information

www.healthprofiles.info



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Population 111,700

Mid-2008 population estimate

Source: National Statistics website: www.statistics.gov.uk







East Hampshire at a glance

- The health of people living in East Hampshire is generally good when compared to the average for England as a whole. The rate of new cases of malignant melanoma skin cancer is higher than the England average.
- There are inequalities in health within East Hampshire. Life expectancy for men from the most deprived areas is nearly 5 years lower than for men from the least deprived areas. For women the gap is nearly 4 years.
- Over the last 10 years, the death rate from all causes, and early death rates from cancer and from heart disease and stroke, have fallen.
- An estimated 15% of adults smoke, lower than the England average. The smoking related death rate is also lower than the England average but there are 140 smoking related deaths each year.
- The percentage of children who spend 3 hours each week on physical activity in school is higher than the England average. 8% of children in Reception year are classified as obese, similar to the England average.
- Although the rate of hospital stays for alcohol related harm is lower than the England average, there were over 1,400 hospital stays in 2008/09.
- Local priorities highlighted in the Hampshire Local Area Agreement include tackling the rate of death from all causes, child obesity, teenage pregnancy and hospital admissions for alcohol related harm.
- The Hampshire Public Health Annual Report can be found at: www.hampshire.nhs.uk

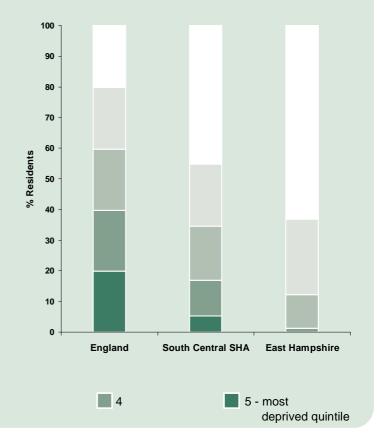


Deprivation: a national view

This map shows differences in deprivation levels in this area based on national quintiles (of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 by Lower Super Output Area). The darkest coloured areas are some of the most deprived areas in England.

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This chart shows the percentage of the population in England, this region, and this area who live in each of these quintiles.



Health inequalities: a local view

1 - least

This map shows differences in deprivation levels in this area based on local quintiles (of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 by Lower Super Output Area). The darkest coloured areas are the most deprived in this area.

deprived quintile

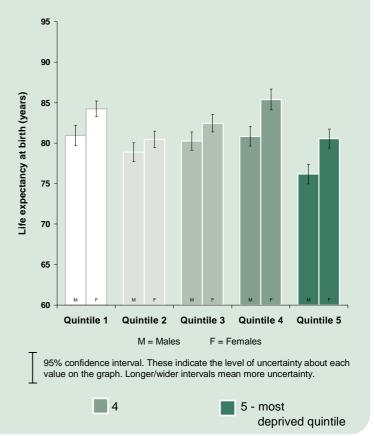
2

3

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deprived quintile

This chart shows the life expectancy at birth for males and females (2004-2008) for each of the quintiles in this area.



3

Health inequalities: changes over time

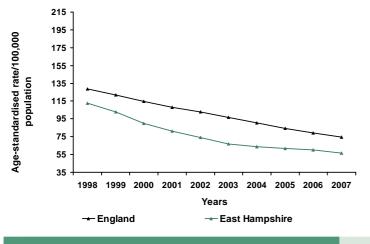
These graphs show how changes in death rates for this area compare with changes for the whole of England. Data points on the graph are mid-points of 3-year averages of yearly rates. For example the dot labelled 2003 represents the 3-year period 2002 to 2004.

Trend 1 compares rates of death, at all ages and from all causes, in this area with those for England.

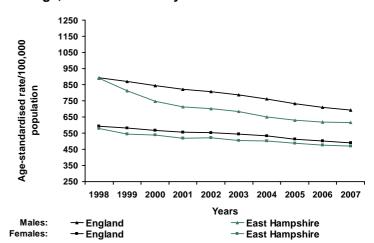
Trend 2 compares rates of early death from heart disease and stroke (in people under 75) in this area with those for England.

Trend 3 compares rates of early death from cancer (in people under 75) in this area with those for England.

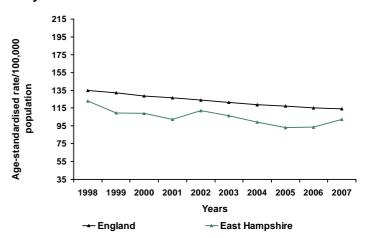
Trend 2: Early death rates from heart disease and stroke



Trend 1: All age, all cause mortality

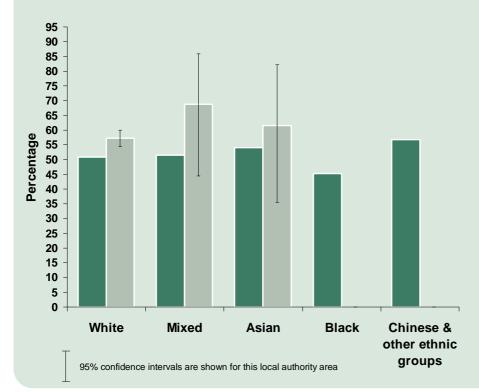


Trend 3: Early death rates from cancer



Health inequalities: **ethnicity**

This chart shows the percentage of pupils by ethnic group in this area who achieved five GCSEs in 2008/09 (A* to C grades including English and Maths). Comparing results may help find possible inequalities between ethnic groups.



England
East Hampshire

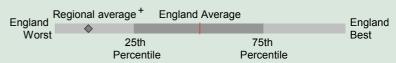
Ethnic Groups	% pupils achieved grades	No. of pupils achieved grades
White	57.2	701
Mixed	68.8	11
Asian	61.5	8
Black		
Chinese/other		

If there are any empty cells in the table this is because data has not been presented where the calculation involved pupil numbers of 0, 1 or 2. Some further groups may not have data presented in order to prevent counts of small numbers being calculated from values for other ethnic groups or areas.

Health summary for East Hampshire

The chart below shows how the health of people in this area compares with the rest of England. This area's result for each indicator is shown as a circle. The average rate for England is shown by the red line, which is always at the centre of the chart. The range of results for all local areas in England is shown as a grey bar. A red circle means that this area is significantly worse than England for that indicator; however, a green circle may still indicate an important public health problem.

- Significantly worse than England average
- O Not significantly different from England average
- Significantly better than England average
- No significance can be calculated



⁺ In the South East Region this represents the Strategic Health Authority average

Domain	Indicator	Local No. Per Year	Local Value	Eng Avg	Eng Worst	England Range	Eng Best
	1 Deprivation	0	0.0	19.9	89.2	$\qquad \qquad \Diamond \bigcirc$	0.0
ijes	2 Children in poverty	2256	10.2	22.4	66.5	\Diamond	6.0
muni	3 Statutory homelessness	55	1.23	2.48	9.84		0.00
Our communities	4 GCSE achieved (5A*-C inc. Eng & Maths)	747	57.5	50.9	32.1	♦ 	76.1
ıno	5 Violent crime	1444	13.0	16.4	36.6	♦	4.8
	6 Carbon emissions	879	7.9	6.8	14.4	0	4.1
	7 Smoking in pregnancy	144	13.1	14.6	33.5	○ ♦	3.8
p. s.	8 Breast feeding initiation	895	79.7	72.5	39.7	\Leftrightarrow	92.7
n's ar eople alth	9 Physically active children	8199	62.5	49.6	24.6		79.1
Children's and young people's health	10 Obese children	78	7.9	9.6	14.7	♦ •	4.7
ပင္ခဲ	11 Tooth decay in children aged 5 years	n/a	0.6	1.1	2.5	♦	0.2
	12 Teenage pregnancy (under 18)	59	25.9	40.9	74.8	♦ ○	14.9
	13 Adults who smoke	n/a	15.3	22.2	35.2	♦ • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	10.2
e H	14 Binge drinking adults	n/a	18.8	20.1	33.2	(4.6
s'health lifestyle	15 Healthy eating adults	n/a	31.5	28.7	18.3	\diamond \circ	48.1
Adults' health and lifestyle	16 Physically active adults	n/a	13.2	11.2	5.4	♦ 0	16.6
۹.	17 Obese adults	n/a	21.6	24.2	32.8	♦ 0	13.2
	18 Incidence of malignant melanoma	24	20.2	12.6	27.3	• •	3.7
	19 Incapacity benefits for mental illness	895	13.6	27.6	58.5	\Diamond	9.0
and	20 Hospital stays for alcohol related harm	1460	1040	1580	2860	♦0	784
Disease and poor health	21 Drug misuse						
Dis	22 People diagnosed with diabetes	4091	3.66	4.30	6.72	₩	2.69
	23 New cases of tuberculosis	3	2	15	110	♦○	0
	24 Hip fracture in over-65s	116	436.5	479.2	643.5	\diamond \diamond	273.6
	25 Excess winter deaths	32	9.2	15.6	26.3	○	2.3
	26 Life expectancy - male	n/a	79.4	77.9	73.6		84.3
/ and ath	27 Life expectancy - female	n/a	82.4	82.0	78.8	O ♦	88.9
fe expectancy and causes of death	28 Infant deaths	3	2.54	4.84	8.67	♦ •	1.08
saec rses	29 Deaths from smoking	140	146.2	206.8	360.3	♦ • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	118.7
Life e cau	30 Early deaths: heart disease & stroke	75	56.8	74.8	125.0	♦ ○	40.1
	31 Early deaths: cancer	132	102.6	114.0	164.3	∞	70.5
	32 Road injuries and deaths	63	57.1	51.3	167.0	 	14.6

Indicator Notes

1 % of people in this area living in 20% most deprived areas of England 2007 2 % of children living in families receiving means-tested benefits 2007 3 Crude rate per 1,000 households 2008/09 4 % at Key Stage 4 2008/09 5 Recorded violence against the person crimes crude rate per 1,000 population 2008/09 6 Total end user CO₂ emissions per capita (tonnes CO₂ per resident) 2007 7 % of mothers smoking in pregnancy where status is known 2008/09 8 % of mothers initiating breast feeding where status is known 2008/09 9 % of year 1-13 pupils who spend at least 3 hours per week on high quality PE and school sport 2008/09 10 % of school children in reception year 2008/09 11 Weighted mean number of teeth per 5 yr old child sampled that were actively decayed, missing or filled 2007/08 12 Under-18 conception rate per 1,000 females aged 15-17 (crude rate) 2006-2008 (provisional) 13 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2006-2008 14 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2007-2008 15 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2006-2008 16 % aged 16+ 2008/09 17 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2006-2008 18 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population 2008/09 (rounded) 21 New Problematic Drug User estimates were not available in time for inclusion 22 % of people on GP registers with a recorded diagnosis of diabetes 2008/09 23 Crude rate per 100,000 population 2006-2008 24 Directly age-standardised rate per 100,000 population 2008/09 25 Ratio of excess winter deaths (observed winter deaths minus expected deaths based on non-winter deaths) to average non-winter deaths 1.08.05- 31.07.08 26 At birth, 2006-2008 27 At birth, 2006-2008 28 Rate per 1,000 live births 2006-2008 31 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population under 75, 2006-2008 32 Rate per 100,000 population 2006-2008

More indicator information is available in The Indicator Guide: www.healthprofiles.info For information on your area contact your regional PHO: www.apho.org.uk

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Eastleigh

updated 28 July 2010

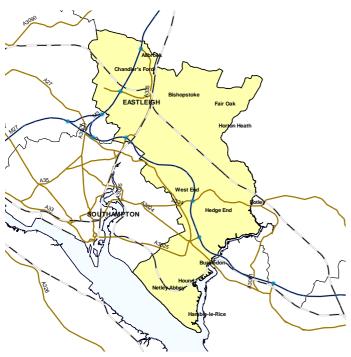
This profile gives a picture of health in this area. It is designed to help local government and health services improve people's health and reduce health inequalities.

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- see profiles for other areas
- use interactive maps
- find more detailed information

www.healthprofiles.info



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Population 121,000

Mid-2008 population estimate

Source: National Statistics website: www.statistics.gov.uk







Eastleigh at a glance

- The health of people living in Eastleigh is generally good when compared to the England average. The rate of new cases of malignant melanoma skin cancer is higher than the England average.
- There are inequalities in health between areas within Eastleigh. Life expectancy for men living in the most deprived areas is 4 years lower than for men living in the least deprived areas.
- Over the last 10 years, the death rate from all causes, early death rates from heart disease and stroke, and from cancer, have all fallen.
- An estimated 19% of adults smoke, lower than the England average. The smoking related death rate is also lower than the England average but there are over 150 smoking related deaths each year.
- GCSE achievement in Eastleigh was better than the England average in 2008/09 with 62% gaining 5 or more higher grade GCSEs (including English and Maths).
- Although the rate of hospital stays for alcohol related harm is lower than the England average, there were over 1,400 hospital stays in 2008/09.
- Local priorities highlighted in the Hampshire Local Area Agreement include tackling the rate of death from all causes, child obesity, teenage pregnancy and hospital admissions for alcohol related harm.
- The Hampshire Public Health Annual Report can be found at: www.hampshire.nhs.uk

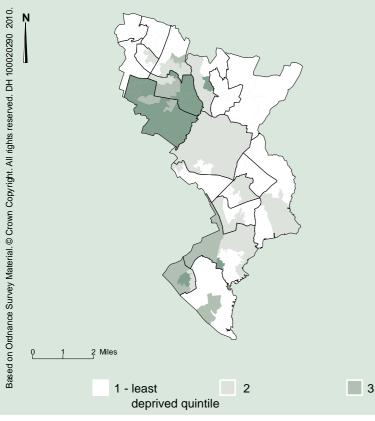


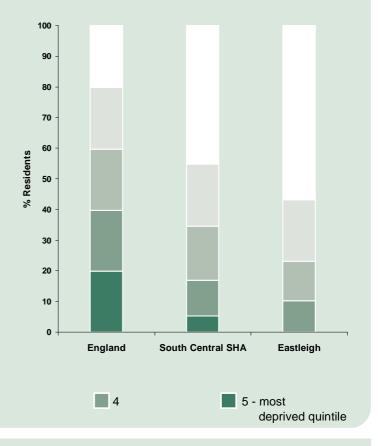
Deprivation: a national view

This map shows differences in deprivation levels in this area 2007 by Lower Super Output Area). The darkest coloured

based on national quintiles (of the Index of Multiple Deprivation areas are some of the most deprived areas in England.

This chart shows the percentage of the population in England, this region, and this area who live in each of these quintiles.

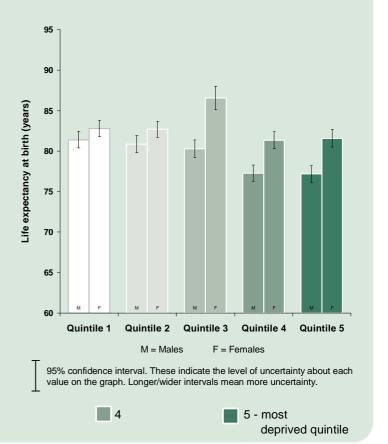




Health inequalities: a local view

This map shows differences in deprivation levels in this area based on local quintiles (of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 by Lower Super Output Area). The darkest coloured areas are the most deprived in this area.

Based on Ordnance Survey Material. © Crown Copy right. All rights reserved. DH 100020290 2010. deprived quintile This chart shows the life expectancy at birth for males and females (2004-2008) for each of the quintiles in this area.



3

Health inequalities: changes over time

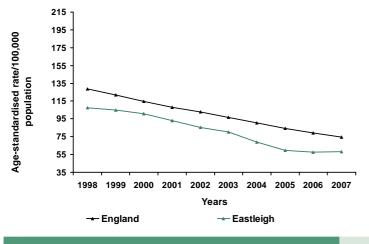
These graphs show how changes in death rates for this area compare with changes for the whole of England. Data points on the graph are mid-points of 3-year averages of yearly rates. For example the dot labelled 2003 represents the 3-year period 2002 to 2004.

Trend 1 compares rates of death, at all ages and from all causes, in this area with those for England.

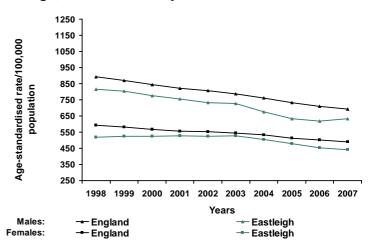
Trend 2 compares rates of early death from heart disease and stroke (in people under 75) in this area with those for England.

Trend 3 compares rates of early death from cancer (in people under 75) in this area with those for England.

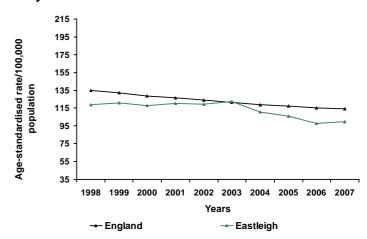
Trend 2: Early death rates from heart disease and stroke



Trend 1: All age, all cause mortality

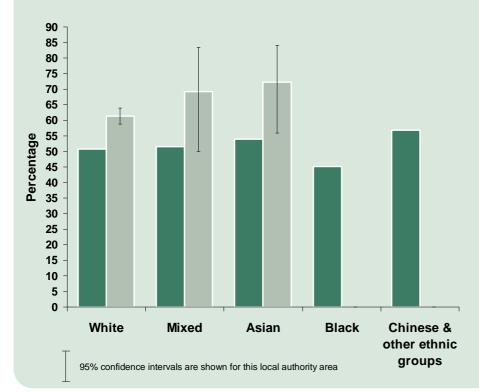


Trend 3: Early death rates from cancer



Health inequalities: **ethnicity**

This chart shows the percentage of pupils by ethnic group in this area who achieved five GCSEs in 2008/09 (A* to C grades including English and Maths). Comparing results may help find possible inequalities between ethnic groups.



England
Eastleigh

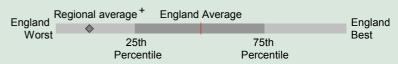
Ethnic Groups	% pupils achieved grades	No. of pupils achieved grades
White	61.4	882
Mixed	69.2	18
Asian	72.2	26
Black		
Chinese/other		

If there are any empty cells in the table this is because data has not been presented where the calculation involved pupil numbers of 0, 1 or 2. Some further groups may not have data presented in order to prevent counts of small numbers being calculated from values for other ethnic groups or areas.

Health summary for Eastleigh

The chart below shows how the health of people in this area compares with the rest of England. This area's result for each indicator is shown as a circle. The average rate for England is shown by the red line, which is always at the centre of the chart. The range of results for all local areas in England is shown as a grey bar. A red circle means that this area is significantly worse than England for that indicator; however, a green circle may still indicate an important public health problem.

- Significantly worse than England average
- O Not significantly different from England average
- Significantly better than England average
- No significance can be calculated



⁺ In the South East Region this represents the Strategic Health Authority average

Domain	Indicator	Local No. Per Year	Local Value	Eng Avg	Eng Worst	England Range	Eng Best
	1 Deprivation	0	0.0	19.9	89.2	♦	0.0
ijes	2 Children in poverty	2517	10.9	22.4	66.5	♦ ○	6.0
muni	3 Statutory homelessness	33	0.67	2.48	9.84	♦ 🔿	0.00
Our communities	4 GCSE achieved (5A*-C inc. Eng & Maths)	963	62.0	50.9	32.1	\Diamond	76.1
no	5 Violent crime	1952	16.2	16.4	36.6	♦	4.8
	6 Carbon emissions	647	5.4	6.8	14.4	• 0	4.1
	7 Smoking in pregnancy	175	13.1	14.6	33.5	○ ♦	3.8
s,e	8 Breast feeding initiation	1088	79.7	72.5	39.7	∞	92.7
Children's and roung people's health	9 Physically active children	8433	54.6	49.6	24.6	♦ ○	79.1
Children's and young people's health	10 Obese children	101	9.2	9.6	14.7	○ ♦	4.7
ပင္ခဲ	11 Tooth decay in children aged 5 years	n/a	0.5	1.1	2.5	♦	0.2
	12 Teenage pregnancy (under 18)	74	31.3	40.9	74.8	\bigcirc	14.9
	13 Adults who smoke	n/a	19.1	22.2	35.2	O	10.2
e H	14 Binge drinking adults	n/a	19.0	20.1	33.2	⊘	4.6
s'health lifestyle	15 Healthy eating adults	n/a	27.9	28.7	18.3	○	48.1
Adults' health and lifestyle	16 Physically active adults	n/a	11.6	11.2	5.4	⊘	16.6
∢	17 Obese adults	n/a	25.1	24.2	32.8	○ ◆	13.2
	18 Incidence of malignant melanoma	28	22.7	12.6	27.3	• •	3.7
	19 Incapacity benefits for mental illness	1185	15.7	27.6	58.5	♦ •	9.0
and Ifth	20 Hospital stays for alcohol related harm	1448	1000	1580	2860	♦ •	784
Disease and poor health	21 Drug misuse						
Dise	22 People diagnosed with diabetes	4443	3.67	4.30	6.72	□ □ □	2.69
	23 New cases of tuberculosis	4	3	15	110	◇○	0
	24 Hip fracture in over-65s	126	486.4	479.2	643.5	0	273.6
	25 Excess winter deaths	62	19.8	15.6	26.3	○ □ □ □	2.3
	26 Life expectancy - male	n/a	79.4	77.9	73.6		84.3
and	27 Life expectancy - female	n/a	83.2	82.0	78.8		88.9
fe expectancy and causes of death	28 Infant deaths	4	2.87	4.84	8.67	♦	1.08
ses (29 Deaths from smoking	158	172.1	206.8	360.3		118.7
Life ey	30 Early deaths: heart disease & stroke	75	58.1	74.8	125.0	♦ •	40.1
_	31 Early deaths: cancer	130	99.9	114.0	164.3	$\qquad \qquad \diamondsuit \ \bigcirc$	70.5
	32 Road injuries and deaths	52	43.3	51.3	167.0	○	14.6

Indicator Notes

1 % of people in this area living in 20% most deprived areas of England 2007 2 % of children living in families receiving means-tested benefits 2007 3 Crude rate per 1,000 households 2008/09 4 % at Key Stage 4 2008/09 5 Recorded violence against the person crimes crude rate per 1,000 population 2008/09 6 Total end user CO₂ emissions per capita (tonnes CO₂ per resident) 2007 7 % of mothers smoking in pregnancy where status is known 2008/09 8 % of mothers initiating breast feeding where status is known 2008/09 9 % of year 1-13 pupils who spend at least 3 hours per week on high quality PE and school sport 2008/09 10 % of school children in reception year 2008/09 11 Weighted mean number of teeth per 5 yr old child sampled that were actively decayed, missing or filled 2007/08 12 Under-18 conception rate per 1,000 females aged 15-17 (crude rate) 2006-2008 (provisional) 13 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2006-2008 14 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2007-2008 15 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2006-2008 16 % aged 16+ 2008/09 17 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2006-2008 18 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population 2008/09 (rounded) 21 New Problematic Drug User estimates were not available in time for inclusion 22 % of people on GP registers with a recorded diagnosis of diabetes 2008/09 23 Crude rate per 100,000 population 2006-2008 24 Directly age-standardised rate per 100,000 population 2008/09 25 Ratio of excess winter deaths (observed winter deaths minus expected deaths based on non-winter deaths) to average non-winter deaths 1.08.05- 31.07.08 26 At birth, 2006-2008 27 At birth, 2006-2008 28 Rate per 1,000 live births 2006-2008 31 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population under 75, 2006-2008 32 Rate per 100,000 population 2006-2008

More indicator information is available in The Indicator Guide: www.healthprofiles.info For information on your area contact your regional PHO: www.apho.org.uk

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Fareham

updated 28 July 2010

This profile gives a picture of health in this area. It is designed to help local government and health services improve people's health and reduce health inequalities.

Health Profiles are produced every year by the Association of Public Health Observatories.

Visit the Health Profiles website to:

- see profiles for other areas
- use interactive maps
- find more detailed information

www.healthprofiles.info



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Population 110,300

Mid-2008 population estimate

Source: National Statistics website: www.statistics.gov.uk







Fareham at a glance

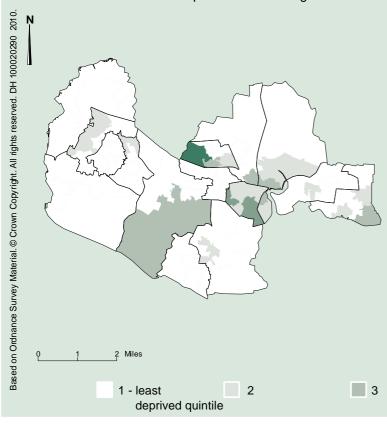
- The health of people living in Fareham is generally good when compared to the England average.
 Deprivation levels are low and life expectancy is higher than the England average for men and women.
- There are inequalities in health between areas within Fareham. Life expectancy for men living in the most deprived areas is nearly 4 years lower than for men living in the least deprived areas.
- Over the last 10 years, the rate of death from all causes, and early death rates from cancer and from heart disease and stroke, have all fallen and remain lower than the England average.
- An estimated 16% of adults smoke, lower than the England average. The smoking related death rate is lower than the England average but there are over 140 smoking related deaths each year.
- The percentage of children who spend 3 hours each week on physical activity in school is higher than the England average. 8% of children in Reception year are classified as obese, similar to the England average.
- Although the rate of hospital stays for alcohol related harm is lower than the England average, there were over 1,700 hospital stays in 2008/09.
- Local priorities highlighted in the Hampshire Local Area Agreement include tackling the rate of death from all causes, child obesity, teenage pregnancy and hospital admissions for alcohol related harm.
- The Hampshire Public Health Annual Report can be found at: www.hampshire.nhs.uk

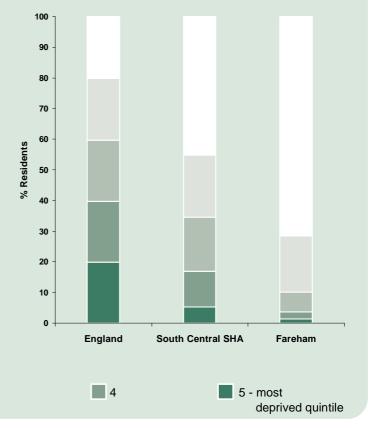


Deprivation: a national view

This map shows differences in deprivation levels in this area based on national quintiles (of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 by Lower Super Output Area). The darkest coloured areas are some of the most deprived areas in England.

This chart shows the percentage of the population in England, this region, and this area who live in each of these quintiles.





Health inequalities:

a local view

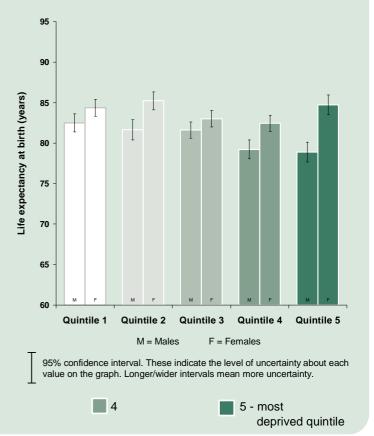
This map shows differences in deprivation levels in this area based on local quintiles (of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 by Lower Super Output Area). The darkest coloured areas are the most deprived in this area.

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1 - least deprived quintile

This chart shows the life expectancy at birth for males and females (2004-2008) for each of the quintiles in this area.



Health inequalities: changes over time

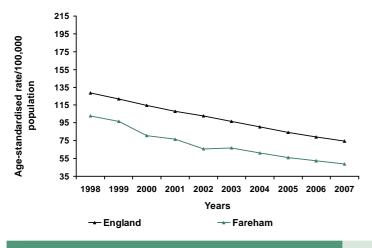
These graphs show how changes in death rates for this area compare with changes for the whole of England. Data points on the graph are mid-points of 3-year averages of yearly rates. For example the dot labelled 2003 represents the 3-year period 2002 to 2004.

Trend 1 compares rates of death, at all ages and from all causes, in this area with those for England.

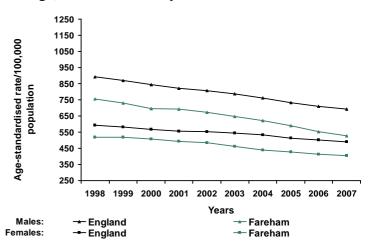
Trend 2 compares rates of early death from heart disease and stroke (in people under 75) in this area with those for England.

Trend 3 compares rates of early death from cancer (in people under 75) in this area with those for England.

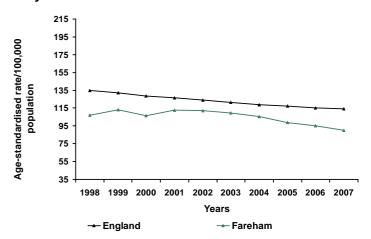
Trend 2: Early death rates from heart disease and stroke



Trend 1: All age, all cause mortality

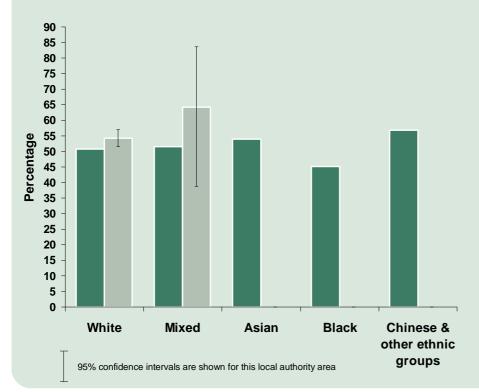


Trend 3: Early death rates from cancer



Health inequalities: **ethnicity**

This chart shows the percentage of pupils by ethnic group in this area who achieved five GCSEs in 2008/09 (A* to C grades including English and Maths). Comparing results may help find possible inequalities between ethnic groups.



England
Fareham

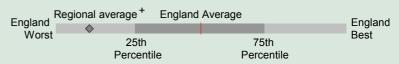
Ethnic Groups	% pupils achieved grades	No. of pupils achieved grades		
White	54.2	691		
Mixed	64.3	9		
Asian				
Black				
Chinese/other				

If there are any empty cells in the table this is because data has not been presented where the calculation involved pupil numbers of 0, 1 or 2. Some further groups may not have data presented in order to prevent counts of small numbers being calculated from values for other ethnic groups or areas.

Health summary for Fareham

The chart below shows how the health of people in this area compares with the rest of England. This area's result for each indicator is shown as a circle. The average rate for England is shown by the red line, which is always at the centre of the chart. The range of results for all local areas in England is shown as a grey bar. A red circle means that this area is significantly worse than England for that indicator; however, a green circle may still indicate an important public health problem.

- Significantly worse than England average
- O Not significantly different from England average
- Significantly better than England average
- No significance can be calculated



⁺ In the South East Region this represents the Strategic Health Authority average

Domain	Indicator	Local No. Per Year	Local Value	Eng Avg	Eng Worst	England Range	Eng Best
	1 Deprivation	1473	1.4	19.9	89.2	₩ 🔷	0.0
ties	2 Children in poverty	1775	8.8	22.4	66.5	♦ •	6.0
muni	3 Statutory homelessness	32	0.72	2.48	9.84	\Diamond	0.00
Our communities	4 GCSE achieved (5A*-C inc. Eng & Maths)	707	54.0	50.9	32.1		76.1
	5 Violent crime	1386	12.7	16.4	36.6	♦	4.8
	6 Carbon emissions	597	5.4	6.8	14.4	O	4.1
	7 Smoking in pregnancy	138	13.1	14.6	33.5	○ ♦	3.8
pr s,s	8 Breast feeding initiation	858	79.7	72.5	39.7	\Diamond	92.7
Children's and young people's health	9 Physically active children	7811	55.4	49.6	24.6	O	79.1
hildre ung p hea	10 Obese children	93	8.1	9.6	14.7	♦ 	4.7
ပင္ခဲ	11 Tooth decay in children aged 5 years	n/a	0.7	1.1	2.5	\Diamond	0.2
	12 Teenage pregnancy (under 18)	62	29.9	40.9	74.8	$\Diamond \bigcirc$	14.9
70	13 Adults who smoke	n/a	16.4	22.2	35.2	♦ 0	10.2
th an	14 Binge drinking adults	n/a	16.8	20.1	33.2	♦ •	4.6
Adults' health and lifestyle	15 Healthy eating adults	n/a	27.6	28.7	18.3	○ ◆	48.1
	16 Physically active adults	n/a	11.8	11.2	5.4		16.6
	17 Obese adults	n/a	23.4	24.2	32.8	○ ♦	13.2
and alth	18 Incidence of malignant melanoma	17	14.6	12.6	27.3	♦ O	3.7
	19 Incapacity benefits for mental illness	930	14.3	27.6	58.5	◇	9.0
	20 Hospital stays for alcohol related harm	1704	1200	1580	2860	○ ♦	784
Disease and poor health	21 Drug misuse						
Dis	22 People diagnosed with diabetes	4351	3.94	4.30	6.72	○ ♦	2.69
	23 New cases of tuberculosis	3	3	15	110	♦ ○	0
	24 Hip fracture in over-65s	113	370.6	479.2	643.5	\Diamond	273.
fe expectancy and causes of death	25 Excess winter deaths	36	11.6	15.6	26.3		2.3
	26 Life expectancy - male	n/a	81.4	77.9	73.6	\Diamond	84.3
	27 Life expectancy - female	n/a	84.1	82.0	78.8	○	88.9
	28 Infant deaths	3	2.56	4.84	8.67	♦	1.08
sasn	29 Deaths from smoking	146	143.2	206.8	360.3	\Diamond	118.
Life e	30 Early deaths: heart disease & stroke	68	49.1	74.8	125.0	♦ • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	40.
	31 Early deaths: cancer	121	90.3	114.0	164.3	♦	70.
	32 Road injuries and deaths	38	34.4	51.3	167.0		14.6

Indicator Notes

1 % of people in this area living in 20% most deprived areas of England 2007 2 % of children living in families receiving means-tested benefits 2007 3 Crude rate per 1,000 households 2008/09 4 % at Key Stage 4 2008/09 5 Recorded violence against the person crimes crude rate per 1,000 population 2008/09 6 Total end user CO₂ emissions per capita (tonnes CO₂ per resident) 2007 7 % of mothers smoking in pregnancy where status is known 2008/09 8 % of mothers initiating breast feeding where status is known 2008/09 9 % of year 1-13 pupils who spend at least 3 hours per week on high quality PE and school sport 2008/09 10 % of school children in reception year 2008/09 11 Weighted mean number of teeth per 5 yr old child sampled that were actively decayed, missing or filled 2007/08 12 Under-18 conception rate per 1,000 females aged 15-17 (crude rate) 2006-2008 (provisional) 13 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2007-2008 15 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2007-2008 15 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2006-2008 18 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population 2008/09 17 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2006-2008 18 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population 2008/09 (rounded) 21 New Problematic Drug User estimates were not available in time for inclusion 22 % of people on GP registers with a recorded diagnosis of diabetes 2008/09 23 Crude rate per 100,000 population 2006-2008 24 Directly age-standardised rate per 100,000 population 2006-2008 24 Directly age-standardised rate per 100,000 population 2006-2008 27 At birth, 2006-2008 28 Rate per 1,000 live births 2006-2008 29 Per 100,000 population age 35+, directly age standardised rate 2006-2008 30 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population under 75, 2006-2008 31 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population under 75, 2006-2008 32 Rate per 100,000 population 2006-2008

More indicator information is available in The Indicator Guide: www.healthprofiles.info For information on your area contact your regional PHO: www.apho.org.uk

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updated 28 July 2010

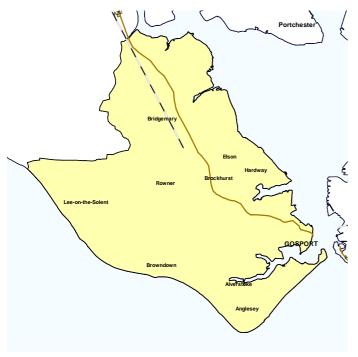
This profile gives a picture of health in this area. It is designed to help local government and health services improve people's health and reduce health inequalities.

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- use interactive maps
- find more detailed information

www.healthprofiles.info



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Population 80,000

Mid-2008 population estimate

Source: National Statistics website: www.statistics.gov.uk







Gosport at a glance

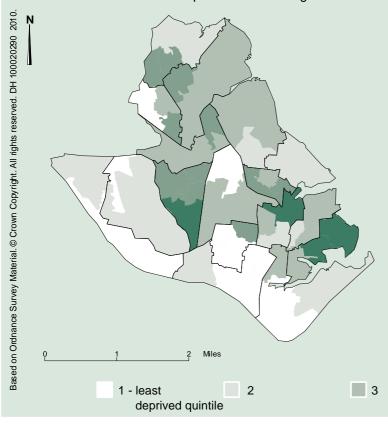
- Indicators of health for people living in Gosport show a
 mixed picture when compared to the England average.
 Deprivation levels and the percentage of children living
 in poverty are better than the England average.
 However, the rate of violent crime is higher than the
 England average.
- Overall life expectancy for men and women is similar to the England average. However, within Gosport life expectancy for men from the most deprived areas is 6 years lower than for men from the least deprived areas.
- Over the last 10 years, the death rate from all causes combined, and the early death rates from cancer and from heart disease and stroke, have fallen and are similar to the England average.
- Although the rate of hospital stays for alcohol related harm is similar to the England average, there were over 1,400 hospital stays in 2008/09.
- GCSE achievement was worse than the England average in 2008/09 with less than half of pupils gaining 5 or more higher grade GCSEs (including English and Maths).
- The rate of teenage pregnancy in Gosport is higher than the England average.
- Local priorities highlighted in the Hampshire Local Area Agreement include tackling the rate of death from all causes, child obesity, teenage pregnancy and hospital admissions for alcohol related harm.
- The Hampshire Public Health Annual Report can be found at: www.hampshire.nhs.uk

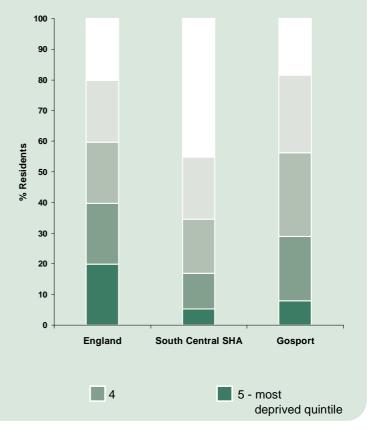


Deprivation: a national view

This map shows differences in deprivation levels in this area based on national quintiles (of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 by Lower Super Output Area). The darkest coloured areas are some of the most deprived areas in England.

This chart shows the percentage of the population in England, this region, and this area who live in each of these quintiles.





Health inequalities: a local view

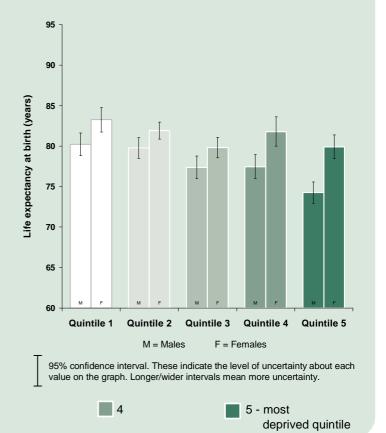
This map shows differences in deprivation levels in this area based on local quintiles (of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 by Lower Super Output Area). The darkest coloured areas are the most deprived in this area.

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Messed on Ordnance Survey Material. © Crown Copyright. All lights reserved. DH 100020290 2010.

I - least deprived quintile

This chart shows the life expectancy at birth for males and females (2004-2008) for each of the quintiles in this area.



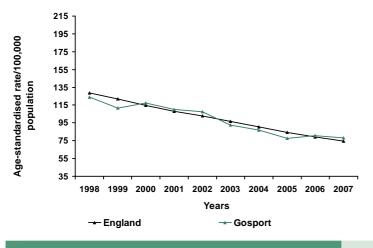
These graphs show how changes in death rates for this area compare with changes for the whole of England. Data points on the graph are mid-points of 3-year averages of yearly rates. For example the dot labelled 2003 represents the 3-year period 2002 to 2004.

Trend 1 compares rates of death, at all ages and from all causes, in this area with those for England.

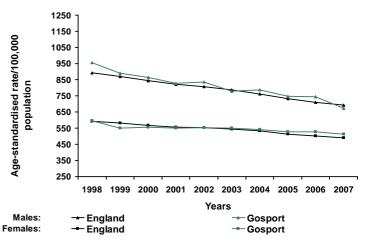
Trend 2 compares rates of early death from heart disease and stroke (in people under 75) in this area with those for England.

Trend 3 compares rates of early death from cancer (in people under 75) in this area with those for England.

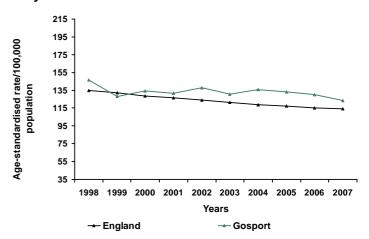
Trend 2: Early death rates from heart disease and stroke



Trend 1: All age, all cause mortality

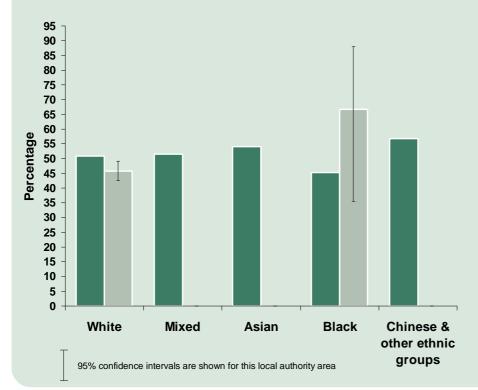


Trend 3: Early death rates from cancer



Health inequalities: **ethnicity**

This chart shows the percentage of pupils by ethnic group in this area who achieved five GCSEs in 2008/09 (A* to C grades including English and Maths). Comparing results may help find possible inequalities between ethnic groups.



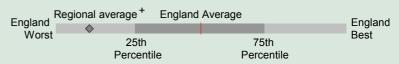
England
Gosport

Ethnic Groups	% pupils achieved grades	No. of pupils achieved grades
White	45.8	394
Mixed		
Asian		
Black	66.7	6
Chinese/other		

Health summary for Gosport

The chart below shows how the health of people in this area compares with the rest of England. This area's result for each indicator is shown as a circle. The average rate for England is shown by the red line, which is always at the centre of the chart. The range of results for all local areas in England is shown as a grey bar. A red circle means that this area is significantly worse than England for that indicator; however, a green circle may still indicate an important public health problem.

- Significantly worse than England average
- O Not significantly different from England average
- Significantly better than England average
- No significance can be calculated



						outh East Region this represents the Strategic Health Authority	
Domain	Indicator	Local No. Per Year	Local Value	Eng Avg	Eng Worst	England Range	Eng Best
	1 Deprivation	6135	7.9	19.9	89.2	C> I	0.0
ties	2 Children in poverty	2825	19.0	22.4	66.5		6.0
Our communities	3 Statutory homelessness	94	2.85	2.48	9.84	\circ	0.00
шоэ.	4 GCSE achieved (5A*-C inc. Eng & Maths)	411	46.2	50.9	32.1	○ ◆	76.1
O	5 Violent crime	1823	23.0	16.4	36.6	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	4.8
	6 Carbon emissions	364	4.6	6.8	14.4		4.1
	7 Smoking in pregnancy	135	13.1	14.6	33.5	○ ♦	3.8
pc s	8 Breast feeding initiation	837	79.7	72.5	39.7		92.7
Children's and roung people's health	9 Physically active children	5110	52.9	49.6	24.6	♦ •	79.1
Children's and young people's health	10 Obese children	90	11.0	9.6	14.7	○	4.7
o ğ	11 Tooth decay in children aged 5 years	n/a	0.9	1.1	2.5	♦ 0	0.2
	12 Teenage pregnancy (under 18)	82	56.7	40.9	74.8	♦	14.9
_	13 Adults who smoke	n/a	24.3	22.2	35.2	O •	10.2
h anc	14 Binge drinking adults	n/a	20.8	20.1	33.2	○ ◆	4.6
s'health lifestyle	15 Healthy eating adults	n/a	25.1	28.7	18.3		48.1
Adults' health and lífestyle	16 Physically active adults	n/a	13.3	11.2	5.4	♦	16.6
₹	17 Obese adults	n/a	23.3	24.2	32.8	○ ♦	13.2
	18 Incidence of malignant melanoma	12	16.2	12.6	27.3	♦ ○	3.7
	19 Incapacity benefits for mental illness	1135	23.3	27.6	58.5	○ ◆	9.0
th th	20 Hospital stays for alcohol related harm	1460	1580	1580	2860	♦	784
Disease and poor health	21 Drug misuse						
Dise	22 People diagnosed with diabetes	3472	4.34	4.30	6.72	○	2.69
	23 New cases of tuberculosis	2	3	15	110	♦○	0
	24 Hip fracture in over-65s	87	478.1	479.2	643.5		273.
	25 Excess winter deaths	52	21.7	15.6	26.3	O •	2.3
	26 Life expectancy - male	n/a	78.7	77.9	73.6	○ ♦	84.3
and	27 Life expectancy - female	n/a	81.4	82.0	78.8	○	88.9
fe expectancy and causes of death	28 Infant deaths	6	5.65	4.84	8.67	○	1.08
ses o	29 Deaths from smoking	137	222.3	206.8	360.3	\Diamond	118.
Life ex caus	30 Early deaths: heart disease & stroke	69	78.1	74.8	125.0	○	40.1
_	31 Early deaths: cancer	107	123.4	114.0	164.3	○	70.
	32 Road injuries and deaths	33	42.1	51.3	167.0	♦	14.6

Indicator Notes

1 % of people in this area living in 20% most deprived areas of England 2007 2 % of children living in families receiving means-tested benefits 2007 3 Crude rate per 1,000 households 2008/09 4 % at Key Stage 4 2008/09 5 Recorded violence against the person crimes crude rate per 1,000 population 2008/09 6 Total end user CO₂ emissions per capita (tonnes CO₂ per resident) 2007 7 % of mothers smoking in pregnancy where status is known 2008/09 8 % of mothers initiating breast feeding where status is known 2008/09 9 % of year 1-13 pupils who spend at least 3 hours per week on high quality PE and school sport 2008/09 10 % of school children in reception year 2008/09 11 Weighted mean number of teeth per 5 yr old child sampled that were actively decayed, missing or filled 2007/08 12 Under-18 conception rate per 1,000 females aged 15-17 (crude rate) 2006-2008 (provisional) 13 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2006-2008 (provisional) 13 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2007-2008 15 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2006-2008 18 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population 2008/09 17 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2006-2008 18 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population 2008/09 (rounded) 21 New Problematic Drug User estimates were not available in time for inclusion 22 % of people on GP registers with a recorded diagnosis of diabetes 2008/09 23 Crude rate per 100,000 population 2006-2008 24 Directly age-standardised rate per 100,000 population 2008/09 25 Ratio of excess winter deaths (observed winter deaths minus expected deaths based on non-winter deaths) to average non-winter deaths 1.08.05- 31.07.08 26 At birth, 2006-2008 27 At birth, 2006-2008 28 Rate per 1,000 live births 2006-2008 31 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population under 75, 2006-2008 31 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population under 75, 2006-2008 32 Rate per 100,000 population 2006-2008

More indicator information is available in The Indicator Guide: www.healthprofiles.info For information on your area contact your regional PHO: www.apho.org.uk

Hampshire

updated 28 July 2010

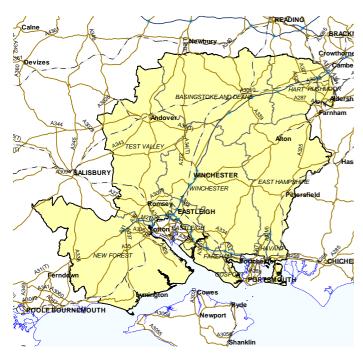
This profile gives a picture of health in this area. It is designed to help local government and health services improve people's health and reduce health inequalities.

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www.healthprofiles.info



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Population 1,285,900

Mid-2008 population estimate

Source: National Statistics website: www.statistics.gov.uk







Hampshire at a glance

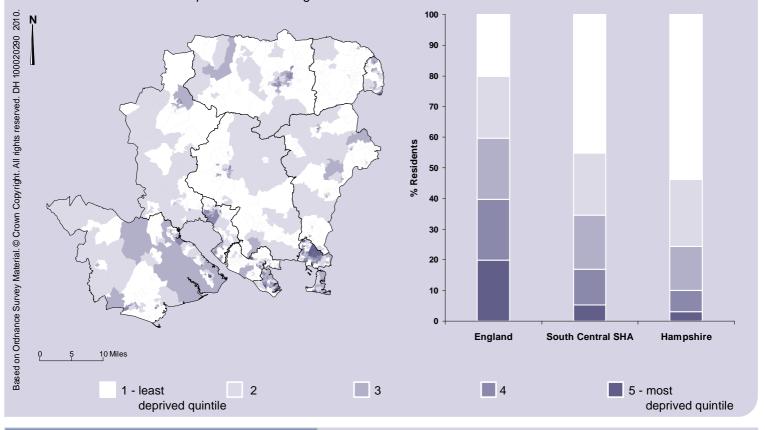
- Hampshire is a prosperous area with low levels of deprivation, violent crime and child poverty. Indicators of health are good when compared to England as a whole. Male and female life expectancy is high.
- There are inequalities in health between areas within Hampshire. Life expectancy for men from the most deprived areas of Hampshire is nearly 5 years lower than for men from the least deprived areas. For women the difference is 3 years.
- Over the last 10 years, the rate of death from all causes combined and the rates of early deaths from cancer and from heart disease and stroke have fallen, and are lower than the England averages.
- An estimated 18% of adults smoke, lower than the England average. While the smoking related death rate is lower than the England average, it is estimated that smoking accounts for over 1,700 deaths each year.
- Although the rate of hospital stays for alcohol related harm is lower than the England average, there were nearly 18,400 hospital stays in 2008/09.
- The rate of new cases of malignant melanoma skin cancer is higher than the England average.
- Local priorities highlighted in the Hampshire Local Area Agreement include tackling the rate of death from all causes, child obesity, teenage pregnancy and hospital admissions for alcohol related harm.
- The Hampshire Public Health Annual Report can be found at: www.hampshire.nhs.uk



Deprivation: a national view

This map shows differences in deprivation levels in this area based on national quintiles (of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 by Lower Super Output Area). The darkest coloured areas are some of the most deprived areas in England.

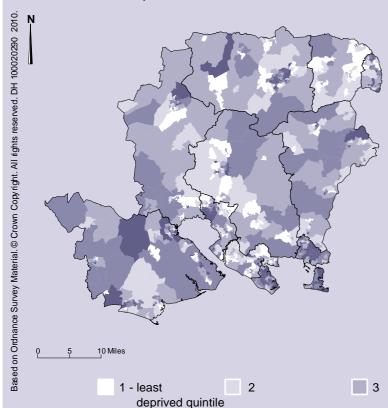
This chart shows the percentage of the population in England, this region, and this area who live in each of these quintiles.

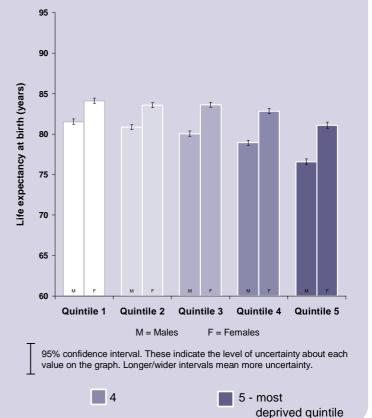


Health inequalities: a local view

This map shows differences in deprivation levels in this area based on local quintiles (of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 by Lower Super Output Area). The darkest coloured areas are the most deprived in this area.

This chart shows the life expectancy at birth for males and females (2004-2008) for each of the quintiles in this area.





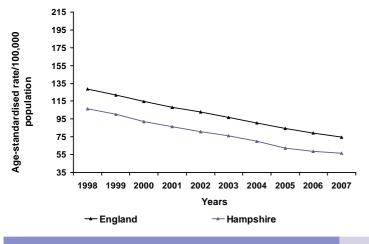
These graphs show how changes in death rates for this area compare with changes for the whole of England. Data points on the graph are mid-points of 3-year averages of yearly rates. For example the dot labelled 2003 represents the 3-year period 2002 to 2004.

Trend 1 compares rates of death, at all ages and from all causes, in this area with those for England.

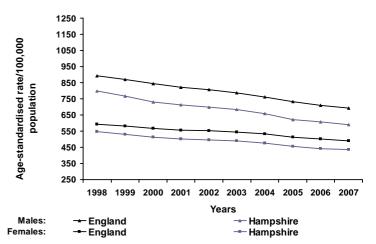
Trend 2 compares rates of early death from heart disease and stroke (in people under 75) in this area with those for England.

Trend 3 compares rates of early death from cancer (in people under 75) in this area with those for England.

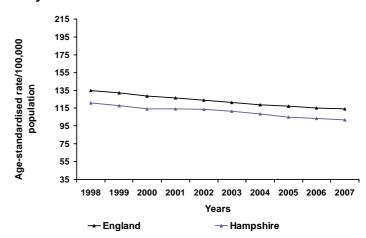
Trend 2: Early death rates from heart disease and stroke



Trend 1: All age, all cause mortality

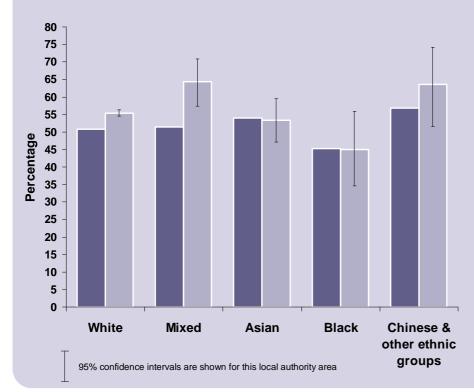


Trend 3: Early death rates from cancer



Health inequalities: **ethnicity**

This chart shows the percentage of pupils by ethnic group in this area who achieved five GCSEs in 2008/09 (A* to C grades including English and Maths). Comparing results may help find possible inequalities between ethnic groups.



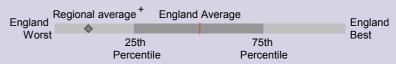
England
Hampshire

Ethnic Groups	% pupils achieved grades	No. of pupils achieved grades			
White	55.4	7,322			
Mixed	64.4	121			
Asian	53.4	133			
Black	45.0	36			
Chinese/other	63.6	42			

Health summary for Hampshire

The chart below shows how the health of people in this area compares with the rest of England. This area's result for each indicator is shown as a circle. The average rate for England is shown by the red line, which is always at the centre of the chart. The range of results for all local areas in England is shown as a grey bar. A red circle means that this area is significantly worse than England for that indicator; however, a green circle may still indicate an important public health problem.

- Significantly worse than England average
- O Not significantly different from England average
- Significantly better than England average
- No significance can be calculated



⁺ In the South East Region this represents the Strategic Health Authority average

Domain	Indicator	Local No. Per Year	Local Value	Eng Avg	Eng Worst	England Range	Eng Best
	1 Deprivation	39420	3.1	19.9	89.2	∅	0.0
ijes	2 Children in poverty	30303	12.4	22.4	66.5		6.0
muni	3 Statutory homelessness	451	0.86	2.48	9.84	\Diamond	0.00
Our communities	4 GCSE achieved (5A*-C inc. Eng & Maths)	7797	55.3	50.9	32.1		76.1
nO	5 Violent crime	19901	15.6	16.4	36.6	♦ □ ○	4.8
	6 Carbon emissions	8696	6.8	6.8	14.4		4.1
	7 Smoking in pregnancy	1796	13.1	14.6	33.5	○ ♦	3.8
pr s,s	8 Breast feeding initiation	11156	79.7	72.5	39.7	∞	92.7
Children's and young people's health	9 Physically active children	88511	57.5	49.6	24.6	O	79.1
hildre ung p hea	10 Obese children	1058	8.6	9.6	14.7	□ □	4.7
ပင္ခဲ	11 Tooth decay in children aged 5 years	n/a	0.7	1.1	2.5	♦ 0	0.2
	12 Teenage pregnancy (under 18)	789	32.7	40.9	74.8	⊘	14.9
70	13 Adults who smoke	n/a	18.1	22.2	35.2	♦0	10.2
e th	14 Binge drinking adults	n/a	18.2	20.1	33.2		4.6
s'health lifestyle	15 Healthy eating adults	n/a	29.0	28.7	18.3		48.1
Adults' health and lifestyle	16 Physically active adults	n/a	12.7	11.2	5.4	♦ 0	16.6
٩	17 Obese adults	n/a	22.9	24.2	32.8	<u> </u>	13.2
	18 Incidence of malignant melanoma	243	18.3	12.6	27.3	©	3.7
	19 Incapacity benefits for mental illness	13140	17.0	27.6	58.5	(D)	9.0
and	20 Hospital stays for alcohol related harm	18359	1150	1580	2860	<u>©</u>	784
Disease and poor health	21 Drug misuse						
Dis	22 People diagnosed with diabetes	50071	3.89	4.30	6.72	○ ♦	2.69
	23 New cases of tuberculosis	48	4	15	110	◇○	0
	24 Hip fracture in over-65s	1437	467.1	479.2	643.5	(<u>)</u>	273.
	25 Excess winter deaths	588	16.4	15.6	26.3	0	2.3
	26 Life expectancy - male	n/a	80.0	77.9	73.6	♦ •	84.3
/ and ath	27 Life expectancy - female	n/a	83.3	82.0	78.8		88.9
fe expectancy and causes of death	28 Infant deaths	45	3.11	4.84	8.67	♦ •	1.08
sasa	29 Deaths from smoking	1721	160.9	206.8	360.3	♦0	118.
Life e cau	30 Early deaths: heart disease & stroke	837	56.7	74.8	125.0	♦ ○	40.1
	31 Early deaths: cancer	1478	101.7	114.0	164.3	♦♦	70.5
	32 Road injuries and deaths	639	50.1	51.3	167.0		14.6

Indicator Notes

1 % of people in this area living in 20% most deprived areas of England 2007 2 % of children living in families receiving means-tested benefits 2007 3 Crude rate per 1,000 households 2008/09 4 % at Key Stage 4 2008/09 5 Recorded violence against the person crimes crude rate per 1,000 population 2008/09 6 Total end user CO₂ emissions per capita (tonnes CO₂ per resident) 2007 7 % of mothers smoking in pregnancy where status is known 2008/09 8 % of mothers initiating breast feeding where status is known 2008/09 9 % of year 1-13 pupils who spend at least 3 hours per week on high quality PE and school sport 2008/09 10 % of school children in reception year 2008/09 11 Weighted mean number of teeth per 5 yr old child sampled that were actively decayed, missing or filled 2007/08 12 Under-18 conception rate per 1,000 females aged 15-17 (crude rate) 2006-2008 (provisional) 13 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2007-2008 15 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2007-2008 15 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2006-2008 18 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population 2008/09 17 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2006-2008 18 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population 2008/09 (rounded) 21 New Problematic Drug User estimates were not available in time for inclusion 22 % of people on GP registers with a recorded diagnosis of diabetes 2008/09 23 Crude rate per 100,000 population 2006-2008 24 Directly age-standardised rate per 100,000 population 2006-2008 24 Directly age-standardised rate per 100,000 population 2008/09 25 Ratio of excess winter deaths (observed winter deaths minus expected deaths based on non-winter deaths) to average non-winter deaths 1.08.05- 31.07.08 26 At birth, 2006-2008 27 At birth, 2006-2008 28 Rate per 1,000 live births 2006-2008 31 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population under 75, 2006-2008 32 Rate per 100,000 population 2006-2008

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Hart

updated 28 July 2010

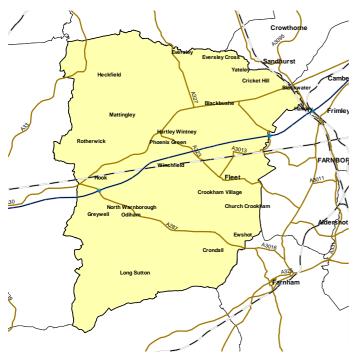
This profile gives a picture of health in this area. It is designed to help local government and health services improve people's health and reduce health inequalities.

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www.healthprofiles.info



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Population 90,600

Mid-2008 population estimate

Source: National Statistics website: www.statistics.gov.uk







Hart at a glance

- Indicators of health for people in Hart, when compared with the England average, are good. Over 90% of local residents live in areas classified as among the least deprived in England. Hart has very low levels of child poverty, homelessness and violent crime. Life expectancy for men and women is higher than the England average.
- There are inequalities in health between areas within Hart. Life expectancy for men from the most deprived areas is over 4 years lower than for men from the least deprived areas.
- Over the last 10 years, the early death rates from cancer and from heart disease and stroke have fallen and are lower than the England averages.
- The proportion of children in Reception year classified as obese and teenage pregnancy rates are lower than the England average. GCSE achievement is higher than the England average.
- Estimated levels of smoking and obesity are lower than the England average and the proportion of physically active adults is higher than the England average.
- Local priorities highlighted in the Hampshire Local Area Agreement include reducing the rates of death from all causes, child obesity, teenage pregnancy and hospital admissions for alcohol.
- The Hampshire Public Health Annual Report can be found at www.hampshire.nhs.uk

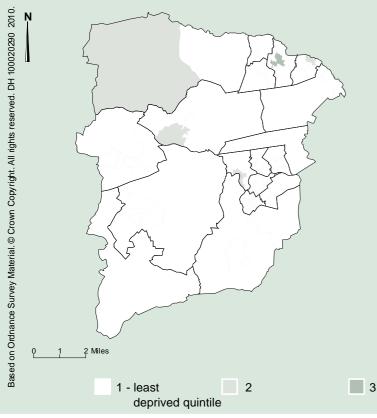


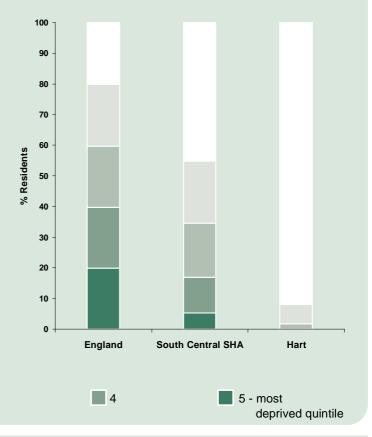
Deprivation: a national view

This map shows differences in deprivation levels in this area 2007 by Lower Super Output Area). The darkest coloured

based on national quintiles (of the Index of Multiple Deprivation areas are some of the most deprived areas in England.

This chart shows the percentage of the population in England, this region, and this area who live in each of these quintiles.



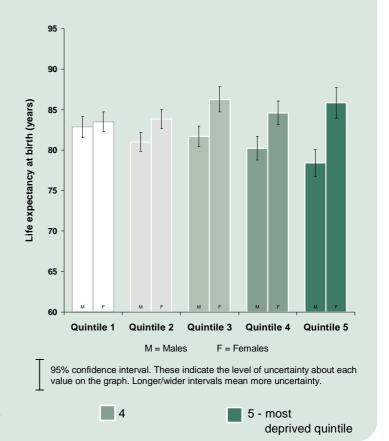


Health inequalities: a local view

This map shows differences in deprivation levels in this area based on local quintiles (of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 by Lower Super Output Area). The darkest coloured areas are the most deprived in this area.

Based on Ordnance Survey Material. © Crown Copyright. All rights reserved. DH 100020290 2010. 3 deprived quintile

This chart shows the life expectancy at birth for males and females (2004-2008) for each of the quintiles in this area.



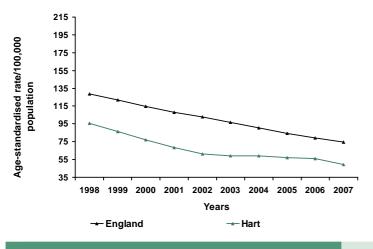
These graphs show how changes in death rates for this area compare with changes for the whole of England. Data points on the graph are mid-points of 3-year averages of yearly rates. For example the dot labelled 2003 represents the 3-year period 2002 to 2004.

Trend 1 compares rates of death, at all ages and from all causes, in this area with those for England.

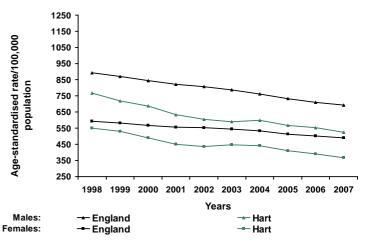
Trend 2 compares rates of early death from heart disease and stroke (in people under 75) in this area with those for England.

Trend 3 compares rates of early death from cancer (in people under 75) in this area with those for England.

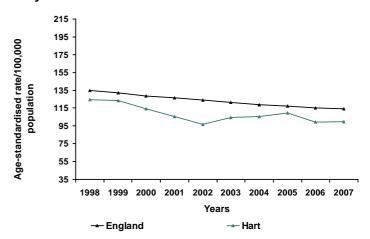
Trend 2: Early death rates from heart disease and stroke



Trend 1: All age, all cause mortality

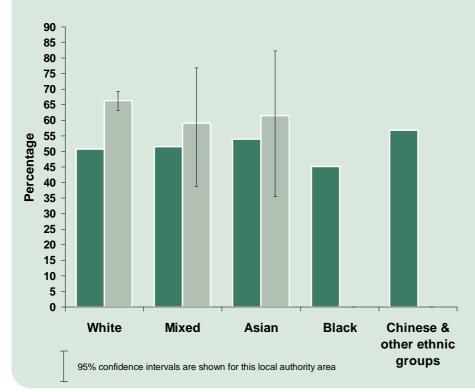


Trend 3: Early death rates from cancer



Health inequalities: ethnicity

This chart shows the percentage of pupils by ethnic group in this area who achieved five GCSEs in 2008/09 (A* to C grades including English and Maths). Comparing results may help find possible inequalities between ethnic groups.



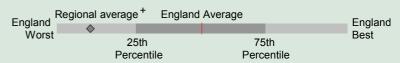
England
Hart

Ethnic Groups	% pupils achieved grades	No. of pupils achieved grades
White	66.3	637
Mixed	59.1	13
Asian	61.5	8
Black		
Chinese/other		

Health summary for Hart

The chart below shows how the health of people in this area compares with the rest of England. This area's result for each indicator is shown as a circle. The average rate for England is shown by the red line, which is always at the centre of the chart. The range of results for all local areas in England is shown as a grey bar. A red circle means that this area is significantly worse than England for that indicator; however, a green circle may still indicate an important public health problem.

- Significantly worse than England average
- O Not significantly different from England average
- Significantly better than England average
- No significance can be calculated



⁺ In the South East Region this represents the Strategic Health Authority average

Domain	Indicator	Local No. Per Year	Local Value	Eng Avg	Eng Worst	England Range	E
	1 Deprivation	0	0.0	19.9	89.2	♦	T
ies	2 Children in poverty	1130	6.3	22.4	66.5	\Diamond	Γ
Our communities	3 Statutory homelessness	0	0.00	2.48	9.84	♦	Γ
	4 GCSE achieved (5A*-C inc. Eng & Maths)	678	66.3	50.9	32.1	\Diamond	Г
no	5 Violent crime	724	8.1	16.4	36.6	♦	Γ
	6 Carbon emissions	555	6.2	6.8	14.4	\diamond	Γ
	7 Smoking in pregnancy	134	13.1	14.6	33.5	○ ♦	Τ
pu s,e	8 Breast feeding initiation	834	79.7	72.5	39.7	○	Г
in's ar people alth	9 Physically active children	6506	54.9	49.6	24.6	♦ ○	
Children's and young people's health	10 Obese children	59	5.9	9.6	14.7	\Diamond	
o Š	11 Tooth decay in children aged 5 years	n/a	0.7	1.1	2.5	♦ 0	
	12 Teenage pregnancy (under 18)	34	19.8	40.9	74.8	♦	ſ
70	13 Adults who smoke	n/a	14.7	22.2	35.2	♦	Τ
th an	14 Binge drinking adults	n/a	17.3	20.1	33.2	♦ ○	Γ
s'health lifestyle	15 Healthy eating adults	n/a	28.7	28.7	18.3		
Adults' health and lifesty le	16 Physically active adults	n/a	14.0	11.2	5.4	♦	
⋖.	17 Obese adults	n/a	21.0	24.2	32.8	♦ •	
	18 Incidence of malignant melanoma	12	13.5	12.6	27.3	♦ 0	Γ
	19 Incapacity benefits for mental illness	505	9.0	27.6	58.5	\Diamond	
and	20 Hospital stays for alcohol related harm	1279	1190	1580	2860	○ ♦	Γ
Disease and poor health	21 Drug misuse						
Dis	22 People diagnosed with diabetes	3039	3.35	4.30	6.72	♦ 0	
	23 New cases of tuberculosis	3	3	15	110	♦○	Г
	24 Hip fracture in over-65s	82	500.4	479.2	643.5	○ ◇	:
	25 Excess winter deaths	32	18.7	15.6	26.3	○	Γ
	26 Life expectancy - male	n/a	81.3	77.9	73.6	\Diamond	
/ and ath	27 Life expectancy - female	n/a	85.4	82.0	78.8	○	
fe expectancy and causes of death	28 Infant deaths	2	1.87	4.84	8.67	♦	
sesn	29 Deaths from smoking	85	139.8	206.8	360.3	♦ •	ŀ
Life e cau	30 Early deaths: heart disease & stroke	47	49.2	74.8	125.0	♦	
	31 Early deaths: cancer	96	100.0	114.0	164.3	♦ ○	
	32 Road injuries and deaths	47	51.9	51.3	167.0		Г

Indicator Notes

1 % of people in this area living in 20% most deprived areas of England 2007 2 % of children living in families receiving means-tested benefits 2007 3 Crude rate per 1,000 households 2008/09 4 % at Key Stage 4 2008/09 5 Recorded violence against the person crimes crude rate per 1,000 population 2008/09 6 Total end user CO₂ emissions per capita (tonnes CO₂ per resident) 2007 7 % of mothers smoking in pregnancy where status is known 2008/09 8 % of mothers initiating breast feeding where status is known 2008/09 9 % of year 1-13 pupils who spend at least 3 hours per week on high quality PE and school sport 2008/09 10 % of school children in reception year 2008/09 11 Weighted mean number of teeth per 5 yr old child sampled that were actively decayed, missing or filled 2007/08 12 Under-18 conception rate per 1,000 females aged 15-17 (crude rate) 2006-2008 (provisional) 13 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2006-2008 14 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2007-2008 15 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2006-2008 18 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population 2008/09 17 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2006-2008 18 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population 2008/09 (rounded) 21 New Problematic Drug User estimates were not available in time for inclusion 22 % of people on GP registers with a recorded diagnosis of diabetes 2008/09 23 Crude rate per 100,000 population 2006-2008 24 Directly age-standardised rate per 100,000 population 2008-2008 29 Per 100,000 population age 35+, directly age standardised rate 2006-2008 30 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population under 75, 2006-2008 31 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population under 75, 2006-2008 31 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population under 75, 2006-2008 32 Rate per 100,000 population 2006-2008

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Havant

updated 28 July 2010

This profile gives a picture of health in this area. It is designed to help local government and health services improve people's health and reduce health inequalities.

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- find more detailed information

www.healthprofiles.info



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Population 117,600

Mid-2008 population estimate

Source: National Statistics website: www.statistics.gov.uk







Havant at a glance

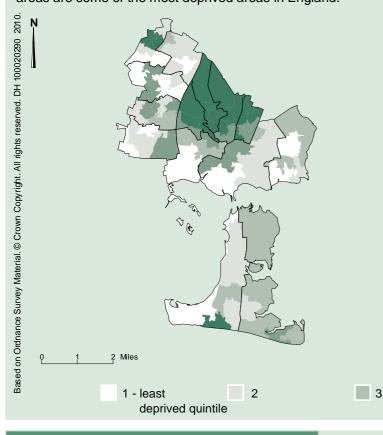
- Indicators of health for people living in Havant show a
 mixed picture when compared to the England average.
 Deprivation levels are worse than the England average
 and almost 5,000 children live in low income
 households. However, life expectancy for men and
 women is higher than the England average.
- There are health inequalities within Havant. Life expectancy for men from the most deprived areas is 7 years lower than for men from the least deprived areas.
- Over the last 10 years, the rate of death from all causes has fallen. Early death rates from cancer and from heart disease and stroke, have also fallen and remain similar to the England average.
- The proportion of children who spend at least 3 hours each week on physical activity in school is higher than the England average. 11% of children in Reception year are classified as obese, which is similar to the England average. GCSE achievement is worse than the England average.
- Estimates of smoking and binge drinking are lower than the England average. The rate of new cases of malignant melanoma skin cancer is higher than the England average.
- Local priorities highlighted in the Hampshire Local Area Agreement include tackling the rate of death from all causes, child obesity, teenage pregnancy and hospital admissions for alcohol related harm.
- The Hampshire Public Health Annual Report can be found at: www.hampshire.nhs.uk

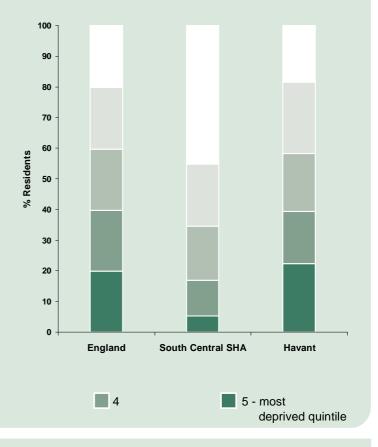


Deprivation: a national view

This map shows differences in deprivation levels in this area based on national quintiles (of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 by Lower Super Output Area). The darkest coloured areas are some of the most deprived areas in England.

This chart shows the percentage of the population in England, this region, and this area who live in each of these quintiles.





Health inequalities: a local view

This map shows differences in deprivation levels in this area based on local quintiles (of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 by Lower Super Output Area). The darkest coloured areas are the most deprived in this area.

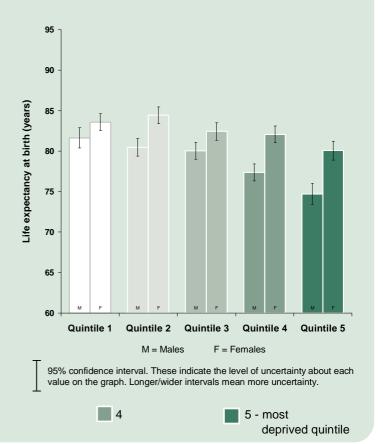
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Miles

1 - least

deprived quintile

This chart shows the life expectancy at birth for males and females (2004-2008) for each of the quintiles in this area.



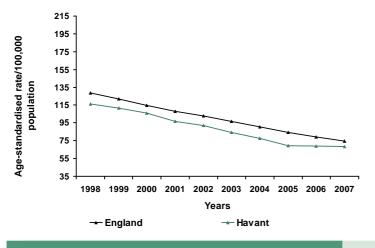
These graphs show how changes in death rates for this area compare with changes for the whole of England. Data points on the graph are mid-points of 3-year averages of yearly rates. For example the dot labelled 2003 represents the 3-year period 2002 to 2004.

Trend 1 compares rates of death, at all ages and from all causes, in this area with those for England.

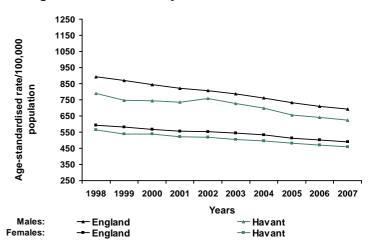
Trend 2 compares rates of early death from heart disease and stroke (in people under 75) in this area with those for England.

Trend 3 compares rates of early death from cancer (in people under 75) in this area with those for England.

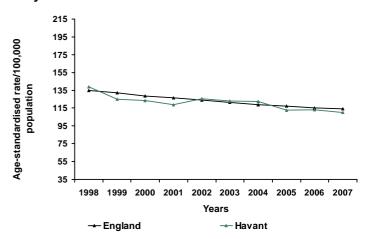
Trend 2: Early death rates from heart disease and stroke



Trend 1: All age, all cause mortality

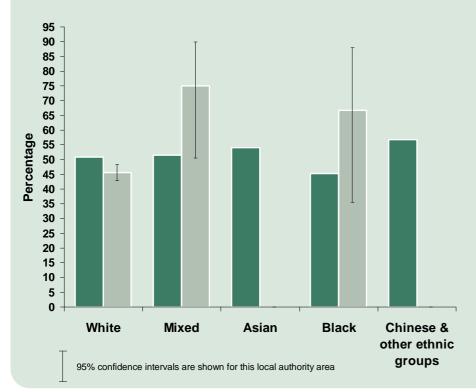


Trend 3: Early death rates from cancer



Health inequalities: ethnicity

This chart shows the percentage of pupils by ethnic group in this area who achieved five GCSEs in 2008/09 (A* to C grades including English and Maths). Comparing results may help find possible inequalities between ethnic groups.



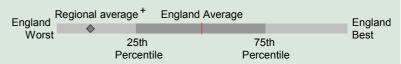
England
Havant

Ethnic Groups	% pupils achieved grades	No. of pupils achieved grades
White	45.6	604
Mixed	75.0	12
Asian		
Black	66.7	6
Chinese/other		

Health summary for Havant

The chart below shows how the health of people in this area compares with the rest of England. This area's result for each indicator is shown as a circle. The average rate for England is shown by the red line, which is always at the centre of the chart. The range of results for all local areas in England is shown as a grey bar. A red circle means that this area is significantly worse than England for that indicator; however, a green circle may still indicate an important public health problem.

- Significantly worse than England average
- O Not significantly different from England average
- Significantly better than England average
- O No significance can be calculated



+ In the South East Region this represents the Strategic Health Authority average

Domain	Indicator	Local No. Per Year	Local Value	Eng Avg	Eng Worst	England Range	Eng Best
	1 Deprivation	26184	22.4	19.9	89.2	• •	0.0
ijes	2 Children in poverty	4994	22.9	22.4	66.5	○ ◆	6.0
muni	3 Statutory homelessness	95	1.91	2.48	9.84	0 ♦	0.00
Our communities	4 GCSE achieved (5A*-C inc. Eng & Maths)	630	45.9	50.9	32.1	• • •	76.1
	5 Violent crime	2758	23.6	16.4	36.6	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	4.8
	6 Carbon emissions	611	5.2	6.8	14.4		4.1
	7 Smoking in pregnancy	155	13.1	14.6	33.5	○ ♦	3.8
p. s.	8 Breast feeding initiation	962	79.7	72.5	39.7	\Leftrightarrow	92.7
Children's and roung people's health	9 Physically active children	8701	61.9	49.6	24.6	•	79.1
Children's and young people's health	10 Obese children	122	11.2	9.6	14.7		4.7
ਹ ੦ੁ	11 Tooth decay in children aged 5 years	n/a	1.3	1.1	2.5	○ ♦	0.2
	12 Teenage pregnancy (under 18)	97	42.3	40.9	74.8	○	14.9
70	13 Adults who smoke	n/a	19.4	22.2	35.2	©	10.2
th and	14 Binge drinking adults	n/a	14.6	20.1	33.2	\Diamond	4.6
s'health lifestyle	15 Healthy eating adults	n/a	24.2	28.7	18.3		48.1
Adults' health and lifestyle	16 Physically active adults	n/a	10.3	11.2	5.4	○ ♦	16.6
∢	17 Obese adults	n/a	25.2	24.2	32.8	♦	13.2
	18 Incidence of malignant melanoma	27	20.9	12.6	27.3	• •	3.7
	19 Incapacity benefits for mental illness	1730	25.4	27.6	58.5	○ ◆	9.0
and	20 Hospital stays for alcohol related harm	2240	1510	1580	2860	○ ◆	784
Disease and poor health	21 Drug misuse						
Dise	22 People diagnosed with diabetes	5956	5.06	4.30	6.72	●	2.69
	23 New cases of tuberculosis	4	4	15	110	◇○	0
	24 Hip fracture in over-65s	143	451.0	479.2	643.5	◇ ○	273.6
	25 Excess winter deaths	76	20.2	15.6	26.3	○	2.3
	26 Life expectancy - male	n/a	79.1	77.9	73.6		84.3
and	27 Life expectancy - female	n/a	82.9	82.0	78.8		88.9
fe expectancy and causes of death	28 Infant deaths	4	2.86	4.84	8.67	♦ •	1.08
) sesr	29 Deaths from smoking	209	194.7	206.8	360.3	O \$	118.7
Life ey	30 Early deaths: heart disease & stroke	100	68.4	74.8	125.0	○ ♦	40.1
	31 Early deaths: cancer	158	110.0	114.0	164.3	○ ♦	70.5
	32 Road injuries and deaths	37	31.4	51.3	167.0		14.6

Indicator Notes

1 % of people in this area living in 20% most deprived areas of England 2007 2 % of children living in families receiving means-tested benefits 2007 3 Crude rate per 1,000 households 2008/09 4 % at Key Stage 4 2008/09 5 Recorded violence against the person crimes crude rate per 1,000 population 2008/09 6 Total end user CO₂ emissions per capita (tonnes CO₂ per resident) 2007 7 % of mothers smoking in pregnancy where status is known 2008/09 8 % of mothers initiating breast feeding where status is known 2008/09 9 % of year 1-13 pupils who spend at least 3 hours per week on high quality PE and school sport 2008/09 10 % of school children in reception year 2008/09 11 Weighted mean number of teeth per 5 yr old child sampled that were actively decayed, missing or filled 2007/08 12 Under-18 conception rate per 1,000 females aged 15-17 (crude rate) 2006-2008 (provisional) 13 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2007-2008 15 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2007-2008 15 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2006-2008 18 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population 2008/09 17 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2006-2008 18 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population 2008/09 (rounded) 21 New Problematic Drug User estimates were not available in time for inclusion 22 % of people on GP registers with a recorded diagnosis of diabetes 2008/09 23 Crude rate per 100,000 population 2006-2008 24 Directly age-standardised rate per 100,000 population 2006-2008 24 Directly age-standardised rate per 100,000 population 2006-2008 27 At birth, 2006-2008 28 Rate per 1,000 live births 2006-2008 29 Per 100,000 population age 35+, directly age standardised rate 2006-2008 30 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population under 75, 2006-2008 31 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population under 75, 2006-2008 32 Rate per 100,000 population 2006-2008

More indicator information is available in The Indicator Guide: www.healthprofiles.info For information on your area contact your regional PHO: www.apho.org.uk

Isle of Wight

updated 28 July 2010

This profile gives a picture of health in this area. It is designed to help local government and health services improve people's health and reduce health inequalities.

Health Profiles are produced every year by the Association of Public Health Observatories.

Visit the Health Profiles website to:

- see profiles for other areas
- use interactive maps
- find more detailed information

www.healthprofiles.info



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Population 140,200

Mid-2008 population estimate

Source: National Statistics website: www.statistics.gov.uk







Isle of Wight at a glance

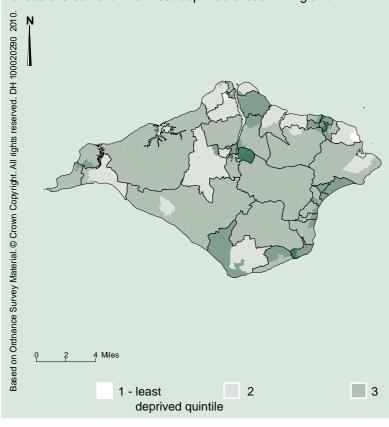
- The health of people living on the Isle of Wight is similar to the England average. Life expectancy and the rate of early death from heart disease and stroke are better than the England averages. The rate of claims for incapacity benefits for mental illness is higher.
- There are health inequalities within the Isle of Wight. Life expectancy for men from the most deprived areas is more than 4 years lower than for men from the least deprived areas.
- Over the last 10 years, the rates of death from all causes, and the rate of early death from heart disease and stroke, have fallen. There are over 250 smoking related deaths each year.
- The rate of new cases of malignant melanoma skin cancer is higher than the England average.
- GCSE achievement is lower than the England average. Breastfeeding initiation is high. Nearly 1 in 10 children in Reception year are classified as obese. The percentage of children who spend at least 3 hours a week on physical activity in school is higher than the England average.
- It is estimated that nearly 1 in 4 adults are obese and 1 in 5 smoke, similar to the England average. Smoking in pregnancy is high compared to the England average.
- Priorities for action identified in the Local Area
 Agreement for the Isle of Wight are: alcohol, smoking,
 obesity in children, teenage pregnancies, violent crime,
 drugs and health inequalities.
- Further information is available at www.iow.nhs.uk

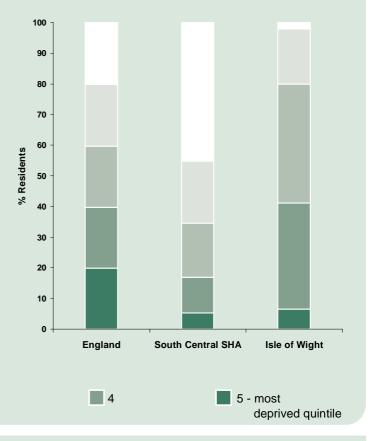


Deprivation: a national view

This map shows differences in deprivation levels in this area based on national quintiles (of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 by Lower Super Output Area). The darkest coloured areas are some of the most deprived areas in England.

This chart shows the percentage of the population in England, this region, and this area who live in each of these quintiles.



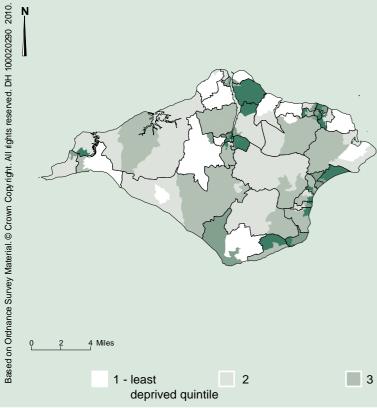


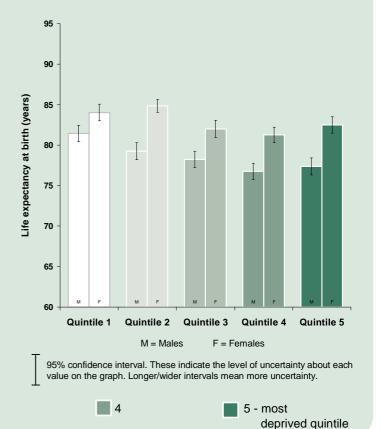
Health inequalities: a local view

This map shows differences in deprivation levels in this area 2007 by Lower Super Output Area). The darkest coloured areas are the most deprived in this area.

based on local quintiles (of the Index of Multiple Deprivation

This chart shows the life expectancy at birth for males and females (2004-2008) for each of the quintiles in this area.





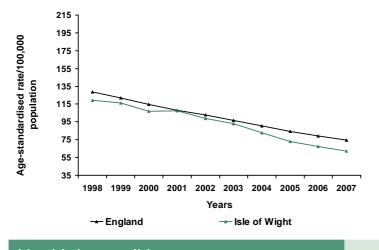
These graphs show how changes in death rates for this area compare with changes for the whole of England. Data points on the graph are mid-points of 3-year averages of yearly rates. For example the dot labelled 2003 represents the 3-year period 2002 to 2004.

Trend 1 compares rates of death, at all ages and from all causes, in this area with those for England.

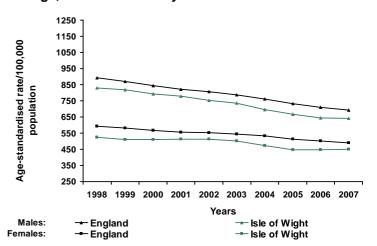
Trend 2 compares rates of early death from heart disease and stroke (in people under 75) in this area with those for England.

Trend 3 compares rates of early death from cancer (in people under 75) in this area with those for England.

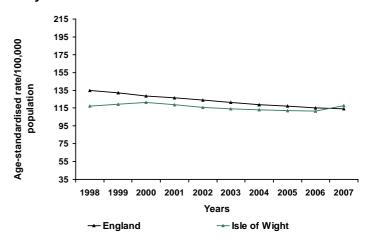
Trend 2: Early death rates from heart disease and stroke



Trend 1: All age, all cause mortality

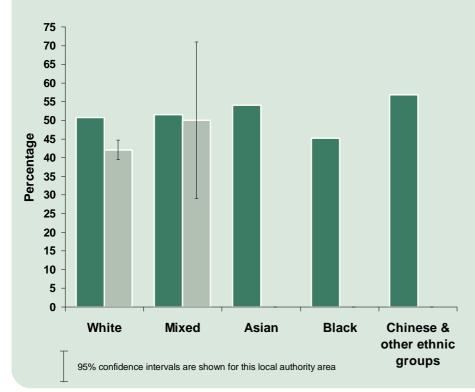


Trend 3: Early death rates from cancer



Health inequalities: **ethnicity**

This chart shows the percentage of pupils by ethnic group in this area who achieved five GCSEs in 2008/09 (A* to C grades including English and Maths). Comparing results may help find possible inequalities between ethnic groups.



England
Isle of Wight

Ethnic Groups	% pupils achieved grades	No. of pupils achieved grades
White	42.1	595
Mixed	50.0	9
Asian		
Black		
Chinese/other		

Health summary for Isle of Wight

The chart below shows how the health of people in this area compares with the rest of England. This area's result for each indicator is shown as a circle. The average rate for England is shown by the red line, which is always at the centre of the chart. The range of results for all local areas in England is shown as a grey bar. A red circle means that this area is significantly worse than England for that indicator; however, a green circle may still indicate an important public health problem.

- Significantly worse than England average
- O Not significantly different from England average
- Significantly better than England average
- No significance can be calculated



⁺ In the South East Region this represents the Strategic Health Authority average

Domain	Indicator	Local No. Per Year	Local Value	Eng Avg	Eng Worst	England Range	
	1 Deprivation	9039	6.6	19.9	89.2		T
Our communities	2 Children in poverty	5296	22.2	22.4	66.5	\diamond	Γ
in m	3 Statutory homelessness	79	1.29	2.48	9.84		Γ
moo .	4 GCSE achieved (5A*-C inc. Eng & Maths)	629	41.6	50.9	32.1	● ◆	Γ
no	5 Violent crime	2587	18.5	16.4	36.6		Γ
	6 Carbon emissions	773	5.5	6.8	14.4	○	Γ
	7 Smoking in pregnancy	283	23.8	14.6	33.5	◆	Τ
o o c	8 Breast feeding initiation	944	79.3	72.5	39.7	\Diamond	Г
	9 Physically active children	8634	51.2	49.6	24.6	○	
	10 Obese children	106	9.9	9.6	14.7	○ ◆	
	11 Tooth decay in children aged 5 years	n/a	1.0	1.1	2.5		
	12 Teenage pregnancy (under 18)	94	35.8	40.9	74.8	○ ♦	ſ
Adults' health and lifestyle	13 Adults who smoke	n/a	21.2	22.2	35.2	○ ◆	Τ
	14 Binge drinking adults	n/a	13.4	20.1	33.2	\Diamond	Γ
	15 Healthy eating adults	n/a	27.6	28.7	18.3	○ ◆	Г
	16 Physically active adults	n/a	10.2	11.2	5.4	○ ◆	
	17 Obese adults	n/a	22.6	24.2	32.8		
	18 Incidence of malignant melanoma	27	18.8	12.6	27.3	•	Τ
e and ealth	19 Incapacity benefits for mental illness	2592	32.9	27.6	58.5	●	Г
	20 Hospital stays for alcohol related harm	1428	784	1580	2860	♦	Γ
	21 Drug misuse						
	22 People diagnosed with diabetes	6064	4.33	4.30	6.72		Г
	23 New cases of tuberculosis	3	2	15	110	♦ ○	Г
	24 Hip fracture in over-65s	203	432.6	479.2	643.5	\diamond \circ	
	25 Excess winter deaths	61	11.4	15.6	26.3	◇	Τ
	26 Life expectancy - male	n/a	78.8	77.9	73.6	○ ◊	Г
Life expectancy and causes of death	27 Life expectancy - female	n/a	82.9	82.0	78.8	(C)	
	28 Infant deaths	4	3.46	4.84	8.67	♦ 0	Г
	29 Deaths from smoking	256	172.6	206.8	360.3	©	ŀ
	30 Early deaths: heart disease & stroke	118	62.2	74.8	125.0		
	31 Early deaths: cancer	221	117.8	114.0	164.3	○ ◆	Г
	32 Road injuries and deaths	80	57.6	51.3	167.0	○	Г

Indicator Notes

1 % of people in this area living in 20% most deprived areas of England 2007 2 % of children living in families receiving means-tested benefits 2007 3 Crude rate per 1,000 households 2008/09 4 % at Key Stage 4 2008/09 5 Recorded violence against the person crimes crude rate per 1,000 population 2008/09 6 Total end user CO₂ emissions per capita (tonnes CO₂ per resident) 2007 7 % of mothers smoking in pregnancy where status is known 2008/09 8 % of mothers initiating breast feeding where status is known 2008/09 9 % of year 1-13 pupils who spend at least 3 hours per week on high quality PE and school sport 2008/09 10 % of school children in reception year 2008/09 11 Weighted mean number of teeth per 5 yr old child sampled that were actively decayed, missing or filled 2007/08 12 Under-18 conception rate per 1,000 females aged 15-17 (crude rate) 2006-2008 (provisional) 13 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2006-2008 14 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2007-2008 15 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2006-2008 18 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population 2008/09 (rounded) 21 New Problematic Drug User estimates were not available in time for inclusion 22 % of people on GP registers with a recorded diagnosis of diabetes 2008/09 23 Crude rate per 100,000 population 2006-2008 24 Directly age-standardised rate per 100,000 population 2008/09 25 Ratio of excess winter deaths (observed winter deaths minus expected deaths based on non-winter deaths) to average non-winter deaths 1.08.05- 31.07.08 26 At birth, 2006-2008 27 At birth, 2006-2008 28 Rate per 1,000 live births 2006-2008 31 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population under 75, 2006-2008 32 Rate per 100,000 population 2006-2008

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New Forest

updated 28 July 2010

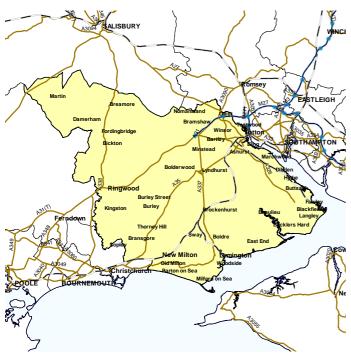
This profile gives a picture of health in this area. It is designed to help local government and health services improve people's health and reduce health inequalities.

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Population 175,400

Mid-2008 population estimate

Source: National Statistics website: www.statistics.gov.uk







New Forest at a glance

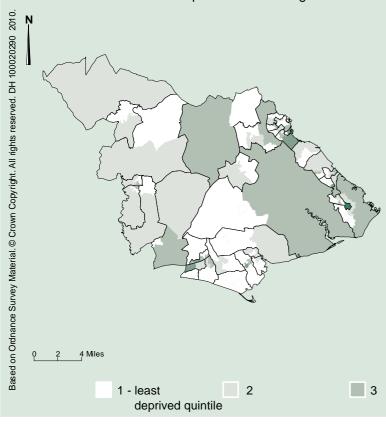
- The health of people in the New Forest is generally better than the England average. However, the rate of malignant melanoma skin cancer and the rate of road injuries and death are worse than the England averages.
- There are health inequalities between areas within the New Forest. Life expectancy for men and women from the most deprived areas is almost 4 years lower than for those from the least deprived areas.
- Over the last 10 years, the rate of death from all causes, and early death rates from cancer and heart disease and stroke, have all fallen.
- Although the level of child poverty is below the England average, there are over 4,000 children living in low income households. The proportion of children in Reception year classified as obese is lower than the England average.
- An estimated 16% of adults smoke, lower than the England average. There are over 260 smoking related deaths in the New Forest each year.
- Although the rate of hospital stays for alcohol related harm is lower than the England average, there were over 2,400 hospital stays in 2008/09.
- Local priorities highlighted in the Hampshire Local Area Agreement include tackling the rate of death from all causes, child obesity, teenage pregnancy and hospital admissions for alcohol related harm.
- The Hampshire Public Health Annual Report can be found at: www.hampshire.nhs.uk

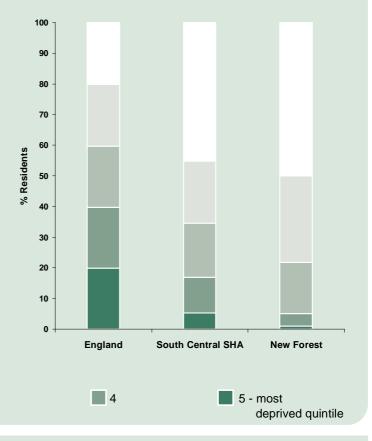


Deprivation: a national view

This map shows differences in deprivation levels in this area based on national quintiles (of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 by Lower Super Output Area). The darkest coloured areas are some of the most deprived areas in England.

This chart shows the percentage of the population in England, this region, and this area who live in each of these quintiles.



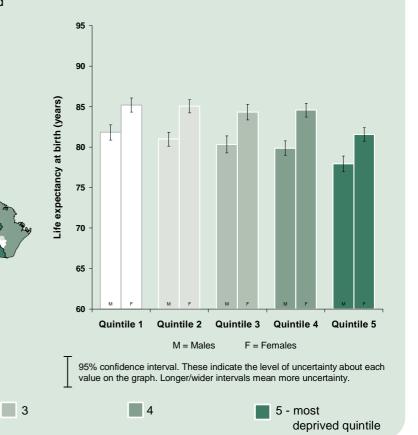


Health inequalities: a local view

This map shows differences in deprivation levels in this area based on local quintiles (of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 by Lower Super Output Area). The darkest coloured areas are the most deprived in this area.

deprived quintile

This chart shows the life expectancy at birth for males and females (2004-2008) for each of the quintiles in this area.



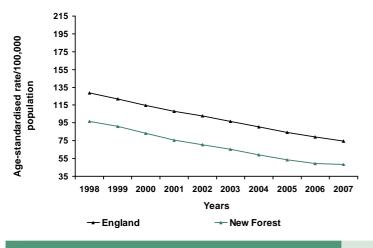
These graphs show how changes in death rates for this area compare with changes for the whole of England. Data points on the graph are mid-points of 3-year averages of yearly rates. For example the dot labelled 2003 represents the 3-year period 2002 to 2004.

Trend 1 compares rates of death, at all ages and from all causes, in this area with those for England.

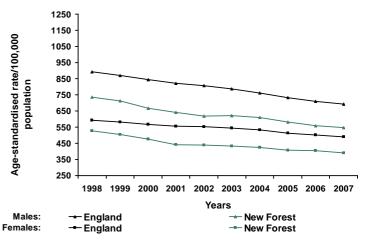
Trend 2 compares rates of early death from heart disease and stroke (in people under 75) in this area with those for England.

Trend 3 compares rates of early death from cancer (in people under 75) in this area with those for England.

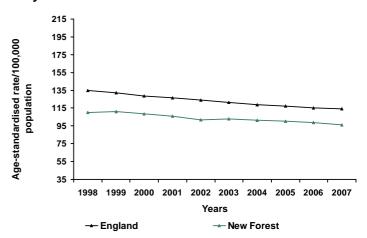
Trend 2: Early death rates from heart disease and stroke



Trend 1: All age, all cause mortality

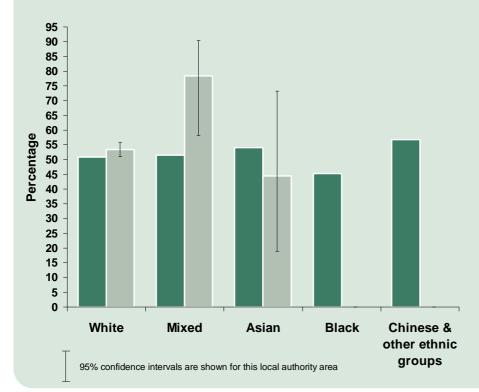


Trend 3: Early death rates from cancer



Health inequalities: **ethnicity**

This chart shows the percentage of pupils by ethnic group in this area who achieved five GCSEs in 2008/09 (A* to C grades including English and Maths). Comparing results may help find possible inequalities between ethnic groups.



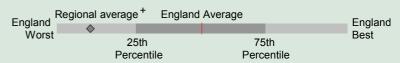
England
New Forest

Ethnic Groups	% pupils achieved grades	No. of pupils achieved grades
White	53.4	902
Mixed	78.3	18
Asian	44.4	4
Black		
Chinese/other		

Health summary for New Forest

The chart below shows how the health of people in this area compares with the rest of England. This area's result for each indicator is shown as a circle. The average rate for England is shown by the red line, which is always at the centre of the chart. The range of results for all local areas in England is shown as a grey bar. A red circle means that this area is significantly worse than England for that indicator; however, a green circle may still indicate an important public health problem.

- Significantly worse than England average
- O Not significantly different from England average
- Significantly better than England average
- O No significance can be calculated



+ In the South Fast Region this represents the Strategic Health Authority average

Domain	Indicator	Local No. Per Year	Local Value	Eng Avg	Eng Worst	England Range	Eng Bes
	1 Deprivation	1791	1.0	19.9	89.2	♦	0.0
윤 의	2 Children in poverty	4048	13.5	22.4	66.5		6.0
in m	3 Statutory homelessness	74	0.98	2.48	9.84	₩ 🗱	0.0
Сош	4 GCSE achieved (5A*-C inc. Eng & Maths)	941	53.4	50.9	32.1		76.
no	5 Violent crime	2109	12.1	16.4	36.6	♦	4.8
	6 Carbon emissions	1341	7.7	6.8	14.4	0 🔷	4.1
	7 Smoking in pregnancy	195	13.1	14.6	33.5	○ ♦	3.8
Adults' health and lifestyle	8 Breast feeding initiation	1213	79.7	72.5	39.7	∞	92.
	9 Physically active children	11062	56.0	49.6	24.6	O	79.
	10 Obese children	104	7.0	9.6	14.7	♦	4.7
	11 Tooth decay in children aged 5 years	n/a	0.5	1.1	2.5	♦ 0	0.2
	12 Teenage pregnancy (under 18)	92	30.1	40.9	74.8	$\Diamond \bigcirc$	14.
Adults' health and lifestyle	13 Adults who smoke	n/a	16.2	22.2	35.2	♦ • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	10.
	14 Binge drinking adults	n/a	15.7	20.1	33.2	♦ •	4.0
	15 Healthy eating adults	n/a	32.7	28.7	18.3	\diamond \diamond	48.
	16 Physically active adults	n/a	12.4	11.2	5.4	♦ 0	16.
	17 Obese adults	n/a	20.9	24.2	32.8		13.
	18 Incidence of malignant melanoma	45	23.2	12.6	27.3	• •	3.7
Disease and Adults poor health li	19 Incapacity benefits for mental illness	1840	19.0	27.6	58.5	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	9.0
	20 Hospital stays for alcohol related harm	2475	982	1580	2860	♦ 0	78
	21 Drug misuse						
	22 People diagnosed with diabetes	7351	4.19	4.30	6.72	○ ♦	2.6
	23 New cases of tuberculosis	8	4	15	110	∞	0
	24 Hip fracture in over-65s	312	495.9	479.2	643.5	○ ◇	273
	25 Excess winter deaths	104	16.5	15.6	26.3	0 0	2.3
	26 Life expectancy - male	n/a	80.6	77.9	73.6	○	84.
Life expectancy and causes of death	27 Life expectancy - female	n/a	84.5	82.0	78.8	$\qquad \qquad \Diamond \qquad \bigcirc$	88
	28 Infant deaths	5	3.41	4.84	8.67	♦ ○	1.0
	29 Deaths from smoking	266	132.8	206.8	360.3	\Diamond	118
	30 Early deaths: heart disease & stroke	116	48.3	74.8	125.0	♦ • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	40
	31 Early deaths: cancer	222	96.4	114.0	164.3	□ ♦ •	70
	32 Road injuries and deaths	105	59.9	51.3	167.0		14

Indicator Notes

1 % of people in this area living in 20% most deprived areas of England 2007 2 % of children living in families receiving means-tested benefits 2007 3 Crude rate per 1,000 households 2008/09 4 % at Key Stage 4 2008/09 5 Recorded violence against the person crimes crude rate per 1,000 population 2008/09 6 Total end user CO₂ emissions per capita (tonnes CO₂ per resident) 2007 7 % of mothers smoking in pregnancy where status is known 2008/09 8 % of mothers initiating breast feeding where status is known 2008/09 9 % of year 1-13 pupils who spend at least 3 hours per week on high quality PE and school sport 2008/09 10 % of school children in reception year 2008/09 11 Weighted mean number of teeth per 5 yr old child sampled that were actively decayed, missing or filled 2007/08 12 Under-18 conception rate per 1,000 females aged 15-17 (crude rate) 2006-2008 (provisional) 13 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2006-2008 (provisional) 13 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2007-2008 15 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2006-2008 18 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population 2008/09 17 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2006-2008 18 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population 2008/09 (rounded) 21 New Problematic Drug User estimates were not available in time for inclusion 22 % of people on GP registers with a recorded diagnosis of diabetes 2008/09 23 Crude rate per 100,000 population 2006-2008 24 Directly age-standardised rate per 100,000 population 2008/09 25 Ratio of excess winter deaths (observed winter deaths minus expected deaths based on non-winter deaths) to average non-winter deaths 1.08.05- 31.07.08 26 At birth, 2006-2008 27 At birth, 2006-2008 28 Rate per 1,000 live births 2006-2008 31 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population under 75, 2006-2008 31 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population under 75, 2006-2008 32 Rate per 100,000 population 2006-2008

More indicator information is available in The Indicator Guide: www.healthprofiles.info For information on your area contact your regional PHO: www.apho.org.uk

Portsmouth

updated 28 July 2010

This profile gives a picture of health in this area. It is designed to help local government and health services improve people's health and reduce health inequalities.

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- find more detailed information

www.healthprofiles.info



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Population 200,000

Mid-2008 population estimate
Source: National Statistics website: www.statistics.gov.uk







Portsmouth at a glance

- The health of people in Portsmouth is generally worse than the England average.
- Portsmouth has significant health inequalities. Life expectancy for men living in the most deprived areas is nearly 8 years lower than for men living in the least deprived areas. For women the gap is 4 years.
- Over the last 10 years, the rate of death from all causes has fallen. Early death rates from cancer, and from heart disease and stroke, have also fallen but remain above the England averages.
- Around 8,500 children live in poverty and GCSE achievement is low. The proportion of children in Reception year who are classified as obese is higher than the England average. The teenage pregnancy rate is also higher.
- It is estimated that more than 1 in 4 adults smoke, higher than the England average. There are over 320 smoking related deaths each year.
- The rates of alcohol related hospital stays and violent crime are higher than the England average. Excess winter deaths are higher than the England average.
- Priorities for action identified in the Local Area
 Agreement for Portsmouth include obesity, physical
 activity, alcohol related harm, violent crime, smoking,
 child dental health, teenage pregnancy, tackling health
 inequalities, educational attainment and road deaths
 and injury.
- For the public health annual report and further information see www.portsmouthcitypct.nhs.uk



Deprivation: a national view

This map shows differences in deprivation levels in this area based on national quintiles (of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 by Lower Super Output Area). The darkest coloured areas are some of the most deprived areas in England.

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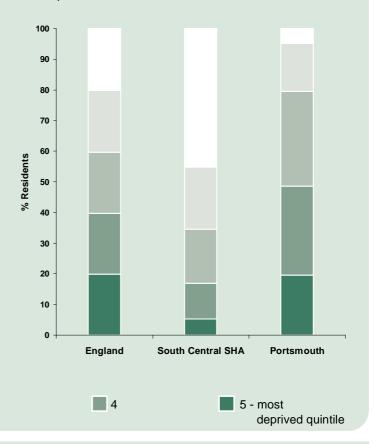
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The seed on Ordnance Survey Material. © Crown Copyright. All rights reserved. DH 100020290 2010.

The seed on Ordnance Survey Material. © Crown Copyright. All rights reserved. DH 100020290 2010.

The seed of the seed

This chart shows the percentage of the population in England, this region, and this area who live in each of these quintiles.



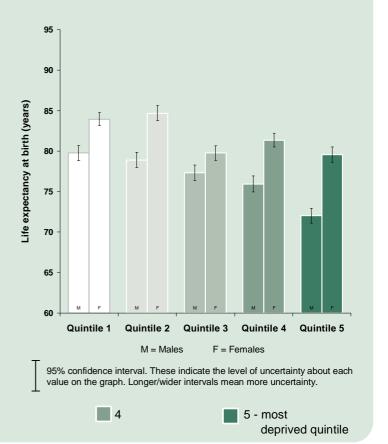
Health inequalities: a local view

This map shows differences in deprivation levels in this area based on local quintiles (of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 by Lower Super Output Area). The darkest coloured areas are the most deprived in this area.

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The second of the

This chart shows the life expectancy at birth for males and females (2004-2008) for each of the quintiles in this area.



3

3

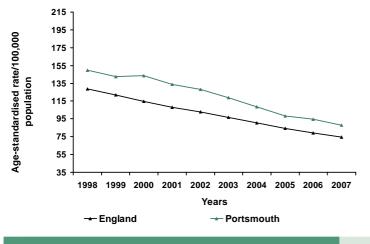
These graphs show how changes in death rates for this area compare with changes for the whole of England. Data points on the graph are mid-points of 3-year averages of yearly rates. For example the dot labelled 2003 represents the 3-year period 2002 to 2004.

Trend 1 compares rates of death, at all ages and from all causes, in this area with those for England.

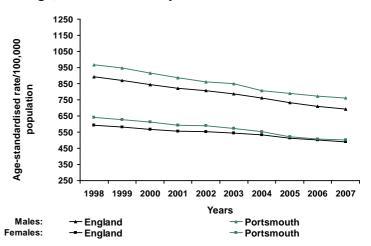
Trend 2 compares rates of early death from heart disease and stroke (in people under 75) in this area with those for England.

Trend 3 compares rates of early death from cancer (in people under 75) in this area with those for England.

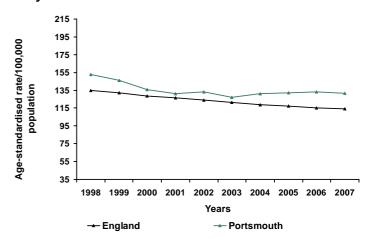
Trend 2: Early death rates from heart disease and stroke



Trend 1: All age, all cause mortality

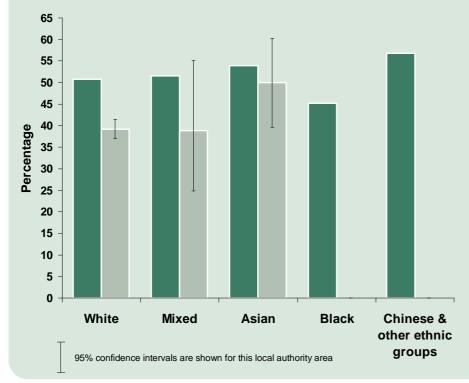


Trend 3: Early death rates from cancer



Health inequalities: **ethnicity**

This chart shows the percentage of pupils by ethnic group in this area who achieved five GCSEs in 2008/09 (A* to C grades including English and Maths). Comparing results may help find possible inequalities between ethnic groups.



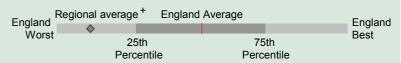
England
Portsmouth

Ethnic Groups	% pupils achieved grades	No. of pupils achieved grades
White	39.2	712
Mixed	38.9	14
Asian	50.0	43
Black		
Chinese/other		

Health summary for Portsmouth

The chart below shows how the health of people in this area compares with the rest of England. This area's result for each indicator is shown as a circle. The average rate for England is shown by the red line, which is always at the centre of the chart. The range of results for all local areas in England is shown as a grey bar. A red circle means that this area is significantly worse than England for that indicator; however, a green circle may still indicate an important public health problem.

- Significantly worse than England average
- O Not significantly different from England average
- Significantly better than England average
- No significance can be calculated



⁺ In the South East Region this represents the Strategic Health Authority average

Domain	Indicator	Local No. Per Year	Local Value	Eng Avg	Eng Worst	England Range	
	1 Deprivation	38109	19.6	19.9	89.2		
ties	2 Children in poverty	8568	25.3	22.4	66.5		
E E	3 Statutory homelessness	330	3.95	2.48	9.84		
Our communities	4 GCSE achieved (5A*-C inc. Eng & Maths)	788	39.5	50.9	32.1	◆	ĺ
Children's and young people's health 11	5 Violent crime	4902	24.8	16.4	36.6	◆	
	6 Carbon emissions	1106	5.6	6.8	14.4	♦ ○	
<u></u>	7 Smoking in pregnancy	425	16.0	14.6	33.5	•	
Children's and young people's health	8 Breast feeding initiation	1979	74.5	72.5	39.7	O \$	
	9 Physically active children	10893	53.2	49.6	24.6	♦ ○	ı
	10 Obese children	239	12.5	9.6	14.7	♦	
	11 Tooth decay in children aged 5 years	n/a	1.1	1.1	2.5	$ \bigcirc \Diamond$	
	12 Teenage pregnancy (under 18)	164	49.3	40.9	74.8	◆	
Adults' health and lifestyle	13 Adults who smoke	n/a	27.2	22.2	35.2	• • •	
	14 Binge drinking adults	n/a	23.7	20.1	33.2	○	
	15 Healthy eating adults	n/a	25.4	28.7	18.3	• •	
	16 Physically active adults	n/a	10.6	11.2	5.4	○ ◆	
	17 Obese adults	n/a	22.6	24.2	32.8		
	18 Incidence of malignant melanoma	36	20.2	12.6	27.3	• •	
	19 Incapacity benefits for mental illness	3725	27.8	27.6	58.5	•	
and Ith	20 Hospital stays for alcohol related harm	3913	1900	1580	2860	●	
Disease and poor health	21 Drug misuse						
Dise	22 People diagnosed with diabetes	7761	3.88	4.30	6.72	○	
Disea poor	23 New cases of tuberculosis	24	12	15	110		
	24 Hip fracture in over-65s	176	467.1	479.2	643.5	(O)	
	25 Excess winter deaths	128	24.7	15.6	26.3	●	
	26 Life expectancy - male	n/a	76.8	77.9	73.6	●	
Life expectancy and causes of death	27 Life expectancy - female	n/a	82.0	82.0	78.8	♦	
	28 Infant deaths	9	3.68	4.84	8.67	♦ •	
	29 Deaths from smoking	327	257.2	206.8	360.3	◆	
	30 Early deaths: heart disease & stroke	154	88.1	74.8	125.0	♦	
	31 Early deaths: cancer	229	131.5	114.0	164.3	♦	
	32 Road injuries and deaths	90	45.7	51.3	167.0	\bigcirc	

Indicator Notes

1 % of people in this area living in 20% most deprived areas of England 2007 2 % of children living in families receiving means-tested benefits 2007 3 Crude rate per 1,000 households 2008/09 4 % at Key Stage 4 2008/09 5 Recorded violence against the person crimes crude rate per 1,000 population 2008/09 6 Total end user CO₂ emissions per capita (tonnes CO₂ per resident) 2007 7 % of mothers smoking in pregnancy where status is known 2008/09 8 % of mothers initiating breast feeding where status is known 2008/09 9 % of year 1-13 pupils who spend at least 3 hours per week on high quality PE and school sport 2008/09 10 % of school children in reception year 2008/09 11 Weighted mean number of teeth per 5 yr old child sampled that were actively decayed, missing or filled 2007/08 12 Under-18 conception rate per 1,000 females aged 15-17 (crude rate) 2006-2008 (provisional) 13 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2006-2008 14 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2007-2008 15 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2006-2008 18 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population 2008/09 (rounded) 21 New Problematic Drug User estimates were not available in time for inclusion 22 % of people on GP registers with a recorded diagnosis of diabetes 2008/09 23 Crude rate per 100,000 population 2006-2008 24 Directly age-standardised rate per 100,000 population 2008/09 25 Ratio of excess winter deaths (observed winter deaths minus expected deaths based on non-winter deaths) to average non-winter deaths 1.08.05- 31.07.08 26 At birth, 2006-2008 27 At birth, 2006-2008 28 Rate per 1,000 live births 2006-2008 31 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population under 75, 2006-2008 32 Rate per 100,000 population 2006-2008

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Rushmoor

updated 28 July 2010

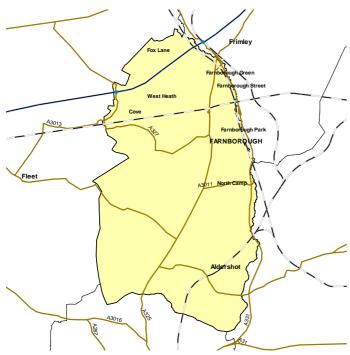
This profile gives a picture of health in this area. It is designed to help local government and health services improve people's health and reduce health inequalities.

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Population 89,600

Mid-2008 population estimate

Source: National Statistics website: www.statistics.gov.uk







Rushmoor at a glance

- Overall, health in Rushmoor is similar to the average for England. Deprivation levels and the percentage of children living in poverty are better than the England averages. However, the rate of violent crime is higher than the England average.
- Within Rushmoor, there are inequalities in health. Life expectancy is 7 years lower for men from the most deprived areas compared to those from the least deprived areas. For women the gap is nearly 6 years.
- Over the last 10 years, the early death rate from heart disease and stroke has fallen and is lower than the England average.
- The percentage of children who spend at least 3 hours each week on physical activity in school is higher than the England average. GCSE achievement in state schools is below the England average. The proportion of mothers initiating breastfeeding is higher than average.
- It is estimated that only 1 in 4 adults eat a healthy diet and almost 1 in 4 adults smoke.
- Local priorities highlighted in the Hampshire Local Area Agreement include tackling the rate of death from all causes, child obesity, teenage pregnancy and hospital admissions for alcohol related harm.
- The Hampshire Public Health Annual Report can be found at: www.hampshire.nhs.uk

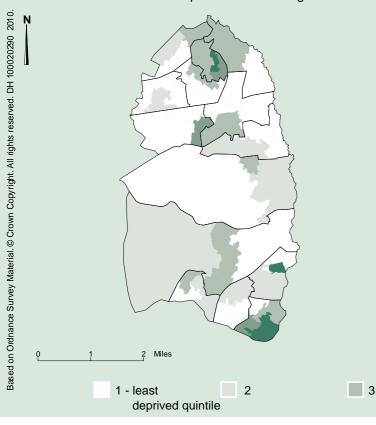


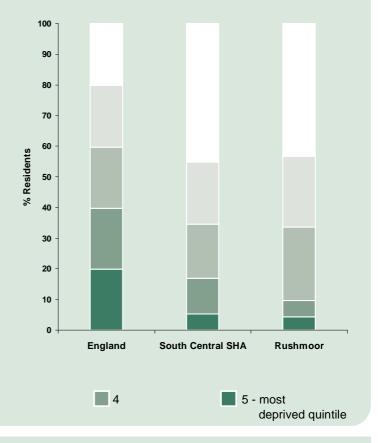
Deprivation: a national view

This map shows differences in deprivation levels in this area based on national quintiles (of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 by Lower Super Output Area). The darkest coloured

areas are some of the most deprived areas in England.

This chart shows the percentage of the population in England, this region, and this area who live in each of these quintiles.

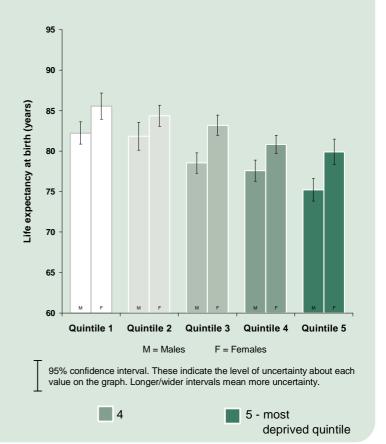




Health inequalities: a local view

This map shows differences in deprivation levels in this area based on local quintiles (of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 by Lower Super Output Area). The darkest coloured areas are the most deprived in this area.

Based on Ordnance Survey Material. © Crown Copy right. All rights reserved. DH 100020290 2010. deprived quintile This chart shows the life expectancy at birth for males and females (2004-2008) for each of the quintiles in this area.



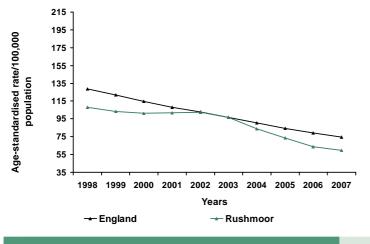
These graphs show how changes in death rates for this area compare with changes for the whole of England. Data points on the graph are mid-points of 3-year averages of yearly rates. For example the dot labelled 2003 represents the 3-year period 2002 to 2004.

Trend 1 compares rates of death, at all ages and from all causes, in this area with those for England.

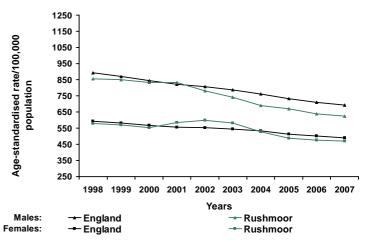
Trend 2 compares rates of early death from heart disease and stroke (in people under 75) in this area with those for England.

Trend 3 compares rates of early death from cancer (in people under 75) in this area with those for England.

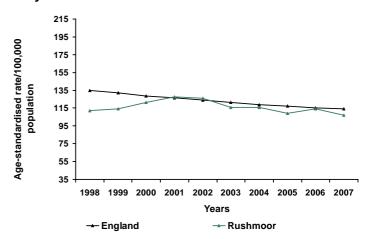
Trend 2: Early death rates from heart disease and stroke



Trend 1: All age, all cause mortality

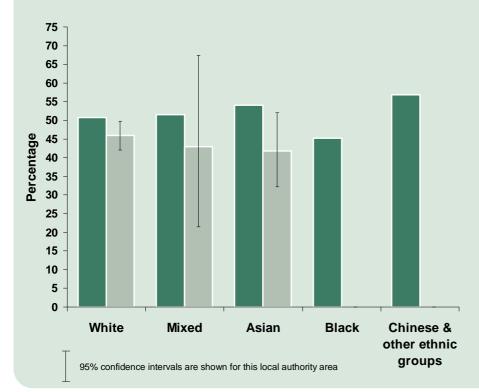


Trend 3: Early death rates from cancer



Health inequalities: **ethnicity**

This chart shows the percentage of pupils by ethnic group in this area who achieved five GCSEs in 2008/09 (A* to C grades including English and Maths). Comparing results may help find possible inequalities between ethnic groups.



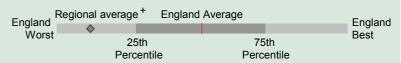
England
Rushmoor

Ethnic Groups	% pupils achieved grades	No. of pupils achieved grades
White	45.9	294
Mixed	42.9	6
Asian	41.8	38
Black		
Chinese/other		

Health summary for Rushmoor

The chart below shows how the health of people in this area compares with the rest of England. This area's result for each indicator is shown as a circle. The average rate for England is shown by the red line, which is always at the centre of the chart. The range of results for all local areas in England is shown as a grey bar. A red circle means that this area is significantly worse than England for that indicator; however, a green circle may still indicate an important public health problem.

- Significantly worse than England average
- O Not significantly different from England average
- Significantly better than England average
- No significance can be calculated



+ In the South East Region this represents the Strategic Health Authority average

Domain	Indicator	Local No. Per Year	Local Value	Eng Avg	Eng Worst	England Range	Eng Best
	1 Deprivation	3837	4.3	19.9	89.2		0.0
Children's and Our communities health	2 Children in poverty	2718	15.1	22.4	66.5		6.0
munit	3 Statutory homelessness	20	0.56	2.48	9.84	♦ ○	0.00
com.	4 GCSE achieved (5A*-C inc. Eng & Maths)	355	45.5	50.9	32.1	◆	76.1
Onr	5 Violent crime	1777	19.9	16.4	36.6	•>	4.8
	6 Carbon emissions	582	6.5	6.8	14.4	\circ	4.1
	7 Smoking in pregnancy	162	13.1	14.6	33.5	○ ♦	3.8
Adults' heath and lfestyle	8 Breast feeding initiation	1009	79.7	72.5	39.7	∞	92.7
	9 Physically active children	6013	62.5	49.6	24.6		79.1
	10 Obese children	73	7.8	9.6	14.7	♦ •	4.7
	11 Tooth decay in children aged 5 years	n/a	1.0	1.1	2.5	\bigcirc	0.2
	12 Teenage pregnancy (under 18)	69	41.8	40.9	74.8	○ ◆	14.9
Adults' health and lifesty le	13 Adults who smoke	n/a	23.7	22.2	35.2	○ ◆	10.2
	14 Binge drinking adults	n/a	16.3	20.1	33.2	○	4.6
	15 Healthy eating adults	n/a	25.9	28.7	18.3	•	48.
	16 Physically active adults	n/a	10.7	11.2	5.4	○ ◆	16.6
	17 Obese adults	n/a	25.9	24.2	32.8	○ ◆	13.2
	18 Incidence of malignant melanoma	8	9.9	12.6	27.3	♦ □	3.7
Disease and Adults' poor health	19 Incapacity benefits for mental illness	1120	19.3	27.6	58.5		9.0
	20 Hospital stays for alcohol related harm	1800	1910	1580	2860	•	784
	21 Drug misuse						
	22 People diagnosed with diabetes	3366	3.76	4.30	6.72		2.69
	23 New cases of tuberculosis	10	11	15	110	◎	0
	24 Hip fracture in over-65s	80	534.7	479.2	643.5	\diamond	273.
	25 Excess winter deaths	23	11.3	15.6	26.3	○	2.3
Life expectancy and Disease and causes of death poor health	26 Life expectancy - male	n/a	79.6	77.9	73.6		84.3
	27 Life expectancy - female	n/a	82.6	82.0	78.8	○ ♦	88.9
	28 Infant deaths	3	1.99	4.84	8.67	\diamond	1.0
	29 Deaths from smoking	110	197.0	206.8	360.3	○ ◆	118
	30 Early deaths: heart disease & stroke	48	59.9	74.8	125.0	$\Diamond \Diamond$	40.
	31 Early deaths: cancer	87	107.2	114.0	164.3	○	70.
	32 Road injuries and deaths	31	34.7	51.3	167.0		14.6

Indicator Notes

1 % of people in this area living in 20% most deprived areas of England 2007 2 % of children living in families receiving means-tested benefits 2007 3 Crude rate per 1,000 households 2008/09 4 % at Key Stage 4 2008/09 5 Recorded violence against the person crimes crude rate per 1,000 population 2008/09 6 Total end user CO₂ emissions per capita (tonnes CO₂ per resident) 2007 7 % of mothers smoking in pregnancy where status is known 2008/09 8 % of mothers initiating breast feeding where status is known 2008/09 9 % of year 1-13 pupils who spend at least 3 hours per week on high quality PE and school sport 2008/09 10 % of school children in reception year 2008/09 11 Weighted mean number of teeth per 5 yr old child sampled that were actively decayed, missing or filled 2007/08 12 Under-18 conception rate per 1,000 females aged 15-17 (crude rate) 2006-2008 (provisional) 13 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2006-2008 14 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2007-2008 15 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2006-2008 18 Directly age standardised rate per 1,000 working age population 2008 20 Directly age and sex standardised rate per 100,000 population 2008/09 (rounded) 21 New Problematic Drug User estimates were not available in time for inclusion 22 % of people on GP registers with a recorded diagnosis of diabetes 2008/09 23 Crude rate per 100,000 population 2006-2008 24 Directly age-standardised rate per 100,000 population 2008/09 25 Ratio of excess winter deaths (observed winter deaths minus expected deaths based on non-winter deaths) to average non-winter deaths 1.08.05- 31.07.08 26 At birth, 2006-2008 27 At birth, 2006-2008 28 Rate per 1,000 live births 2006-2008 31 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population under 75, 2006-2008 32 Rate per 100,000 population 2006-2008

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Southampton

updated 28 July 2010

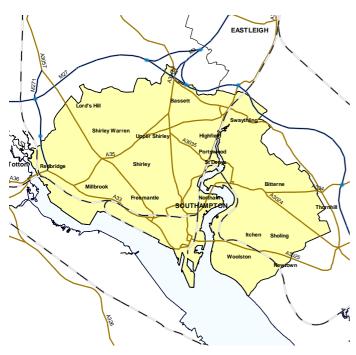
This profile gives a picture of health in this area. It is designed to help local government and health services improve people's health and reduce health inequalities.

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Population 234,600

Mid-2008 population estimate

Source: National Statistics website: www.statistics.gov.uk







Southampton at a glance

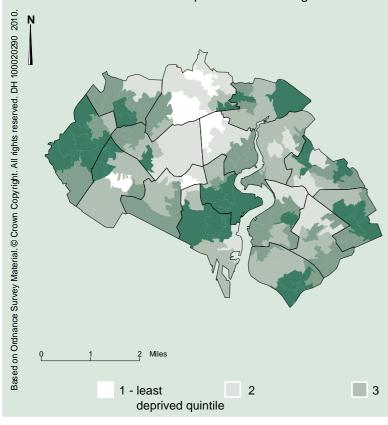
- The health of people living in Southampton is generally worse than the England average.
- Southampton has significant health inequalities. Life expectancy for men from the most deprived areas is over 6 years lower than for those from the least deprived areas. For women the gap is over 4 years.
- Over the last 10 years, the rate of death from all causes for men and women has fallen. Early death rates from cancer, and from heart disease and stroke, have also fallen but remain above the England averages.
- Over 10,700 children live in low income households, and GCSE achievement is below the England average.
 The percentage of children who spend 3 hours each week on physical activity in school is lower than the England average. The teenage pregnancy rate is higher than the England average.
- The estimated percentage of adults eating healthy food is low, as are adult physical activity rates. It is estimated that more than 1 in 4 adults smoke, and smoking in pregnancy is high compared to England.
- The reported rate of violent crime is one of the highest in England.
- Priorities for action identified in the Local Area
 Agreement for Southampton include violent crime, drug
 misuse, obesity, smoking and teenage pregnancy.
- Further information is available from the Annual Public Health Report, the Joint Strategic Needs Assessment, and the Local Health Comparison at: www.southamptonhealth.nhs.uk/publichealth

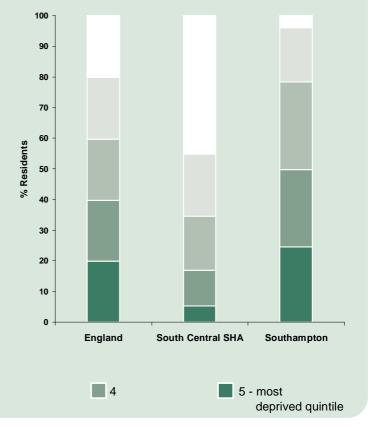


Deprivation: a national view

This map shows differences in deprivation levels in this area based on national quintiles (of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 by Lower Super Output Area). The darkest coloured areas are some of the most deprived areas in England.

This chart shows the percentage of the population in England, this region, and this area who live in each of these quintiles.





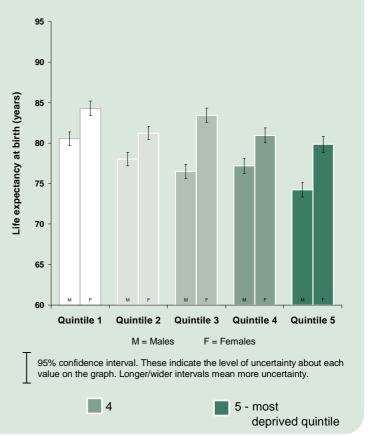
Health inequalities: a local view

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deprived quintile

This chart shows the life expectancy at birth for males and females (2004-2008) for each of the quintiles in this area.



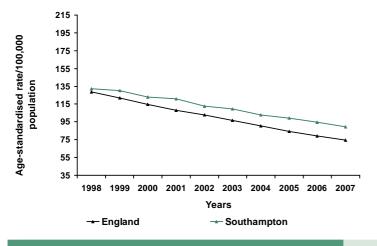
These graphs show how changes in death rates for this area compare with changes for the whole of England. Data points on the graph are mid-points of 3-year averages of yearly rates. For example the dot labelled 2003 represents the 3-year period 2002 to 2004.

Trend 1 compares rates of death, at all ages and from all causes, in this area with those for England.

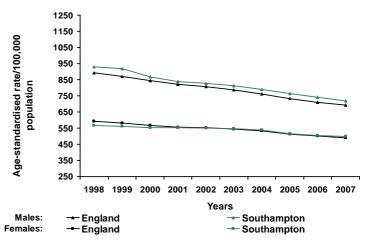
Trend 2 compares rates of early death from heart disease and stroke (in people under 75) in this area with those for England.

Trend 3 compares rates of early death from cancer (in people under 75) in this area with those for England.

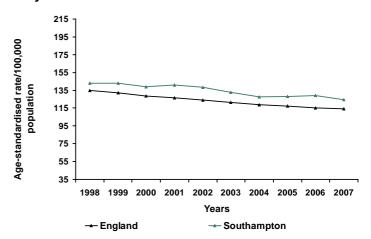
Trend 2: Early death rates from heart disease and stroke



Trend 1: All age, all cause mortality

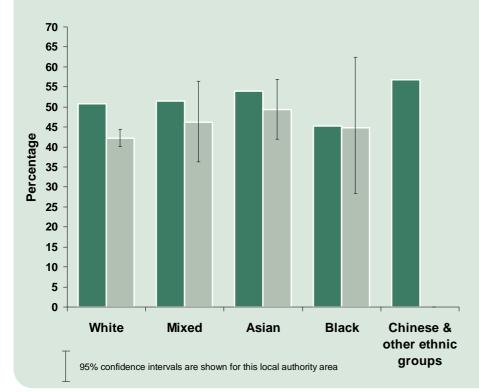


Trend 3: Early death rates from cancer



Health inequalities: **ethnicity**

This chart shows the percentage of pupils by ethnic group in this area who achieved five GCSEs in 2008/09 (A* to C grades including English and Maths). Comparing results may help find possible inequalities between ethnic groups.



England
Southampton

Ethnic Groups	% pupils achieved grades	No. of pupils achieved grades
White	42.2	820
Mixed	46.2	42
Asian	49.4	82
Black	44.8	13
Chinese/other		

Health summary for Southampton

The chart below shows how the health of people in this area compares with the rest of England. This area's result for each indicator is shown as a circle. The average rate for England is shown by the red line, which is always at the centre of the chart. The range of results for all local areas in England is shown as a grey bar. A red circle means that this area is significantly worse than England for that indicator; however, a green circle may still indicate an important public health problem.

- Significantly worse than England average
- O Not significantly different from England average
- Significantly better than England average
- No significance can be calculated



+ In the South East Region this represents the Strategic Health Authority average

Domain	Indicator	Local No. Per Year	Local Value	Eng Avg	Eng Worst	England Range	
	1 Deprivation	55719	24.6	19.9	89.2	• •	
ijes	2 Children in poverty	10752	28.4	22.4	66.5	• \ \	
muni	3 Statutory homelessness	188	1.92	2.48	9.84	○ ♦	
Our communities	4 GCSE achieved (5A*-C inc. Eng & Maths)	972	43.1	50.9	32.1	◆	
no	5 Violent crime	8222	35.6	16.4	36.6	♦	
Children's and young people's health	6 Carbon emissions	1280	5.5	6.8	14.4	○	
	7 Smoking in pregnancy	583	17.0	14.6	33.5	• ◆	
	8 Breast feeding initiation	2538	75.9	72.5	39.7	○ ♦	
	9 Physically active children	9796	41.2	49.6	24.6		
	10 Obese children	200	9.3	9.6	14.7	○ ♦	
	11 Tooth decay in children aged 5 years	n/a	1.1	1.1	2.5	○ ♦	
	12 Teenage pregnancy (under 18)	203	53.7	40.9	74.8	♦	
Adults' healtl lifesty le	13 Adults who smoke	n/a	26.0	22.2	35.2	○	
	14 Binge drinking adults	n/a	17.9	20.1	33.2	○	
	15 Healthy eating adults	n/a	25.4	28.7	18.3	• >	
	16 Physically active adults	n/a	9.2	11.2	5.4	• • •	
	17 Obese adults	n/a	22.3	24.2	32.8	₩ 🕸	
	18 Incidence of malignant melanoma	40	19.7	12.6	27.3	• •	
	19 Incapacity benefits for mental illness	4650	28.9	27.6	58.5	●	
and	20 Hospital stays for alcohol related harm	3259	1360	1580	2860	○ ◆	
Disease and poor health	21 Drug misuse						
Dis	22 People diagnosed with diabetes	9288	3.96	4.30	6.72	○ ♦	
ig og	23 New cases of tuberculosis	30	13	15	110	○	
	24 Hip fracture in over-65s	207	482.5	479.2	643.5	○	
	25 Excess winter deaths	109	18.5	15.6	26.3	○	
	26 Life expectancy - male	n/a	77.6	77.9	73.6	○	
/ and ath	27 Life expectancy - female	n/a	82.1	82.0	78.8	\Diamond	
Life expectancy and causes of death	28 Infant deaths	15	4.75	4.84	8.67	○ ◆	
	29 Deaths from smoking	354	246.1	206.8	360.3	• >	
	30 Early deaths: heart disease & stroke	175	89.3	74.8	125.0	♦	
	31 Early deaths: cancer	240	124.5	114.0	164.3	♦	
	32 Road injuries and deaths	90	39.1	51.3	167.0	♦ •	

Indicator Notes

1 % of people in this area living in 20% most deprived areas of England 2007 2 % of children living in families receiving means-tested benefits 2007 3 Crude rate per 1,000 households 2008/09 4 % at Key Stage 4 2008/09 5 Recorded violence against the person crimes crude rate per 1,000 population 2008/09 6 Total end user CO₂ emissions per capita (tonnes CO₂ per resident) 2007 7 % of mothers smoking in pregnancy where status is known 2008/09 8 % of mothers initiating breast feeding where status is known 2008/09 9 % of year 1-13 pupils who spend at least 3 hours per week on high quality PE and school sport 2008/09 10 % of school children in reception year 2008/09 11 Weighted mean number of teeth per 5 yr old child sampled that were actively decayed, missing or filled 2007/08 12 Under-18 conception rate per 1,000 females aged 15-17 (crude rate) 2006-2008 (provisional) 13 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2007-2008 15 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2007-2008 15 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2006-2008 18 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population 2008/09 17 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2006-2008 18 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population 2008/09 (rounded) 21 New Problematic Drug User estimates were not available in time for inclusion 22 % of people on GP registers with a recorded diagnosis of diabetes 2008/09 23 Crude rate per 100,000 population 2006-2008 24 Directly age-standardised rate per 100,000 population 2006-2008 24 Directly age-standardised rate per 100,000 population 2006-2008 27 At birth, 2006-2008 28 Rate per 1,000 live births 2006-2008 29 Per 100,000 population age 35+, directly age standardised rate 2006-2008 30 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population under 75, 2006-2008 31 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population under 75, 2006-2008 32 Rate per 100,000 population 2006-2008

More indicator information is available in The Indicator Guide: www.healthprofiles.info For information on your area contact your regional PHO: www.apho.org.uk

Test Valley

updated 28 July 2010

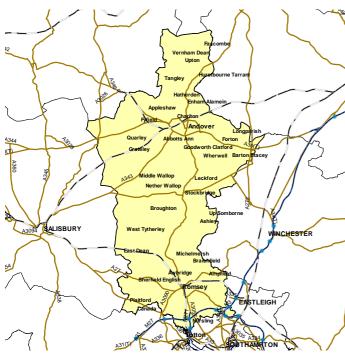
This profile gives a picture of health in this area. It is designed to help local government and health services improve people's health and reduce health inequalities.

Health Profiles are produced every year by the Association of Public Health Observatories.

Visit the Health Profiles website to:

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- use interactive maps
- find more detailed information

www.healthprofiles.info



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Population 115,400

Mid-2008 population estimate

Source: National Statistics website: www.statistics.gov.uk







Test Valley at a glance

- The health of people in Test Valley is generally better than the England average. Life expectancy is high for both men and women. The rate of early death from cancer is lower than the England average.
- There are inequalities in health between areas within Test Valley. Life expectancy for men from the most deprived areas is around 4 years lower than for men from the least deprived areas.
- Over the last 10 years, rates of death from all causes and of early deaths from cancer and from heart disease and stroke, have all fallen and are lower than the England averages.
- Around 1 in 12 children in Reception year are classified as obese, similar to the England average.
- Although Test Valley has a low rate of child poverty, there are still around 2,300 children living in low income households.
- Estimates suggest that 18% of adults smoke, 19% binge drink and 23% are obese, similar to the England averages.
- Although the rate of hospital stays for alcohol related harm is lower than the England average, there were over 1,400 hospital stays in 2008/09.
- Local priorities highlighted in the Hampshire Local Area Agreement include tackling the rate of death from all causes, child obesity, teenage pregnancy and hospital admissions for alcohol related harm.
- The Hampshire Public Health Annual Report can be found at: www.hamphsire.nhs.uk

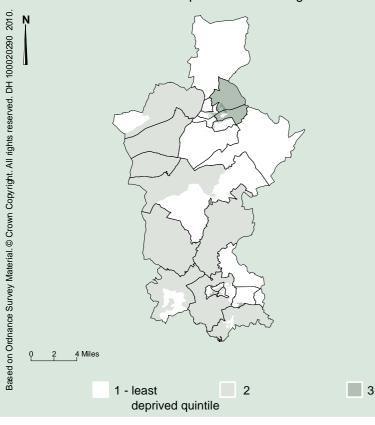


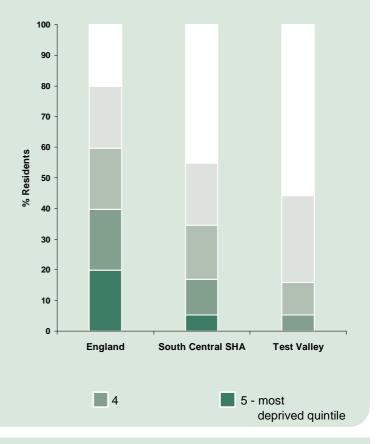
Deprivation: a national view

This map shows differences in deprivation levels in this area 2007 by Lower Super Output Area). The darkest coloured

based on national quintiles (of the Index of Multiple Deprivation areas are some of the most deprived areas in England.

This chart shows the percentage of the population in England, this region, and this area who live in each of these quintiles.

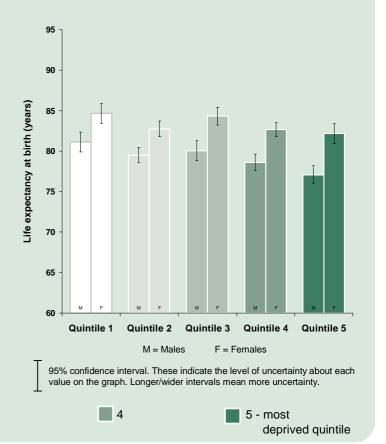




Health inequalities: a local view

This map shows differences in deprivation levels in this area based on local quintiles (of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 by Lower Super Output Area). The darkest coloured areas are the most deprived in this area.

Based on Ordnance Survey Material. © Crown Copy right. All rights reserved. DH 100020290 2010. deprived quintile This chart shows the life expectancy at birth for males and females (2004-2008) for each of the quintiles in this area.



3

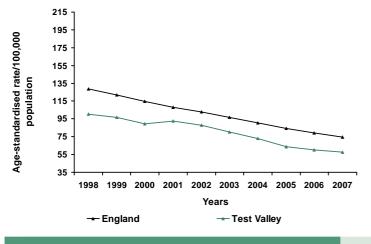
These graphs show how changes in death rates for this area compare with changes for the whole of England. Data points on the graph are mid-points of 3-year averages of yearly rates. For example the dot labelled 2003 represents the 3-year period 2002 to 2004.

Trend 1 compares rates of death, at all ages and from all causes, in this area with those for England.

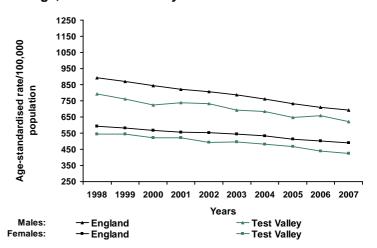
Trend 2 compares rates of early death from heart disease and stroke (in people under 75) in this area with those for England.

Trend 3 compares rates of early death from cancer (in people under 75) in this area with those for England.

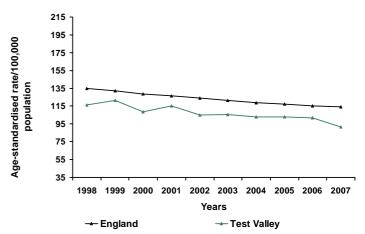
Trend 2: Early death rates from heart disease and stroke



Trend 1: All age, all cause mortality

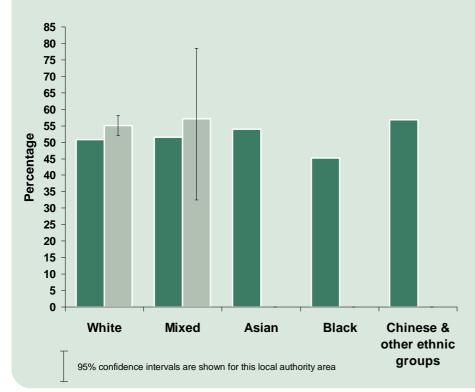


Trend 3: Early death rates from cancer



Health inequalities: **ethnicity**

This chart shows the percentage of pupils by ethnic group in this area who achieved five GCSEs in 2008/09 (A* to C grades including English and Maths). Comparing results may help find possible inequalities between ethnic groups.



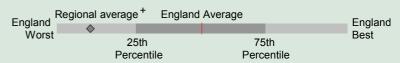
England
Test Valley

Ethnic Groups	% pupils achieved grades	No. of pupils achieved grades
White	55.1	582
Mixed	57.1	8
Asian		
Black		
Chinese/other		

Health summary for Test Valley

The chart below shows how the health of people in this area compares with the rest of England. This area's result for each indicator is shown as a circle. The average rate for England is shown by the red line, which is always at the centre of the chart. The range of results for all local areas in England is shown as a grey bar. A red circle means that this area is significantly worse than England for that indicator; however, a green circle may still indicate an important public health problem.

- Significantly worse than England average
- O Not significantly different from England average
- Significantly better than England average
- No significance can be calculated



⁺ In the South East Region this represents the Strategic Health Authority average

Domain	Indicator	Local No. Per Year	Local Value	Eng Avg	Eng Worst	England Range	Eng Best
	1 Deprivation	0	0.0	19.9	89.2	♦0	0.0
ties	2 Children in poverty	2296	10.0	22.4	66.5	\Diamond	6.0
munii	3 Statutory homelessness	13	0.28	2.48	9.84	♦ •	0.00
. сош	4 GCSE achieved (5A*-C inc. Eng & Maths)	619	54.6	50.9	32.1		76.1
oni	5 Violent crime	1671	14.6	16.4	36.6	♦	4.8
	6 Carbon emissions	896	7.8	6.8	14.4	O	4.1
	7 Smoking in pregnancy	160	13.1	14.6	33.5	○ ♦	3.8
s,s	8 Breast feeding initiation	994	79.7	72.5	39.7	\Leftrightarrow	92.7
n's ar eople ilth	9 Physically active children	7980	58.8	49.6	24.6		79.1
Disease and Adults' health and young people's Our communities health	10 Obese children	100	8.5	9.6	14.7	♦0	4.7
you	11 Tooth decay in children aged 5 years	n/a	0.7	1.1	2.5	♦ 0	0.2
	12 Teenage pregnancy (under 18)	70	31.5	40.9	74.8	\bigcirc	14.9
_	13 Adults who smoke	n/a	18.1	22.2	35.2	♦ 0	10.2
h anc	14 Binge drinking adults	n/a	19.1	20.1	33.2	○	4.6
healt esty k	15 Healthy eating adults	n/a	29.6	28.7	18.3	O O	48.1
Adults' hea lifesty	16 Physically active adults	n/a	13.5	11.2	5.4	♦	16.6
	17 Obese adults	n/a	23.0	24.2	32.8	○	13.2
	18 Incidence of malignant melanoma	26	21.7	12.6	27.3	○ ◇ ○	3.7
	19 Incapacity benefits for mental illness	998	14.3	27.6	58.5	♦ ○	9.0
and	20 Hospital stays for alcohol related harm	1420	996	1580	2860	♦ 0	784
r hea	21 Drug misuse						
Dise	22 People diagnosed with diabetes	4048	3.51	4.30	6.72	♦ ○	2.69
	23 New cases of tuberculosis	4	3	15	110	♦○	0
	24 Hip fracture in over-65s	136	531.7	479.2	643.5	○	273.6
2	25 Excess winter deaths	46	14.7	15.6	26.3	(O)	2.3
	26 Life expectancy - male	n/a	79.6	77.9	73.6		84.3
, and ath	27 Life expectancy - female	n/a	83.7	82.0	78.8	♦ •	88.9
Life expectancy and causes of death	28 Infant deaths	6	4.76	4.84	8.67	\Diamond \Diamond	1.08
	29 Deaths from smoking	143	153.9	206.8	360.3	♦ 0	118.7
	30 Early deaths: heart disease & stroke	76	57.4	74.8	125.0	♦ 0	40.1
_	31 Early deaths: cancer	119	91.4	114.0	164.3	\Diamond	70.5
	32 Road injuries and deaths	67	58.1	51.3	167.0	○	14.6

Indicator Notes

1 % of people in this area living in 20% most deprived areas of England 2007 2 % of children living in families receiving means-tested benefits 2007 3 Crude rate per 1,000 households 2008/09 4 % at Key Stage 4 2008/09 5 Recorded violence against the person crimes crude rate per 1,000 population 2008/09 6 Total end user CO₂ emissions per capita (tonnes CO₂ per resident) 2007 7 % of mothers smoking in pregnancy where status is known 2008/09 8 % of mothers initiating breast feeding where status is known 2008/09 9 % of year 1-13 pupils who spend at least 3 hours per week on high quality PE and school sport 2008/09 10 % of school children in reception year 2008/09 11 Weighted mean number of teeth per 5 yr old child sampled that were actively decayed, missing or filled 2007/08 12 Under-18 conception rate per 1,000 females aged 15-17 (crude rate) 2006-2008 (provisional) 13 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2006-2008 15 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2007-2008 15 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2006-2008 18 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population 2008/09 (rounded) 21 New Problematic Drug User estimates were not available in time for inclusion 22 % of people on GP registers with a recorded diagnosis of diabetes 2008/09 23 Crude rate per 100,000 population 2006-2008 24 Directly age-standardised rate per 100,000 population 2008/09 25 Ratio of excess winter deaths (observed winter deaths minus expected deaths based on non-winter deaths) to average non-winter deaths 1.08.05- 31.07.08 26 At birth, 2006-2008 27 At birth, 2006-2008 28 Rate per 1,000 live births 2006-2008 31 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population under 75, 2006-2008 32 Rate per 100,000 population 2006-2008 31 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population under 75, 2006-2008 32 Rate per 100,000 population 2006-2008

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Winchester

updated 28 July 2010

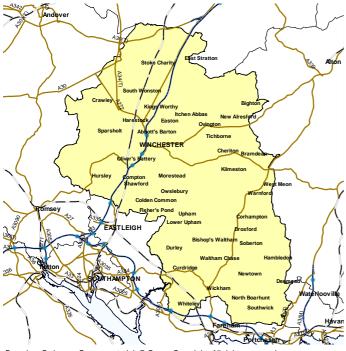
This profile gives a picture of health in this area. It is designed to help local government and health services improve people's health and reduce health inequalities.

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Population 112,700

Mid-2008 population estimate

Source: National Statistics website: www.statistics.gov.uk







Winchester at a glance

- The health of people in Winchester is generally better than the England average. Over two thirds of residents live in areas classified as among the least deprived in England and life expectancy is high.
- There are inequalities in health within Winchester. Life expectancy for men living in the most deprived areas is 4 years lower than for those living in the least deprived areas. For women, the gap is almost 5 years.
- Over the last 10 years, the rate of death from all causes, and of early death from heart disease and stroke, have fallen and are below the England average.
- The rate of death or serious injury on the roads in Winchester is higher than the England average.
- Although the proportion of children living in poverty is below the England average, there are almost 1,800 children living in low income households in Winchester.
- GCSE achievement in 2008/09 was higher than the England average.
- An estimated 14% of adults smoke, lower than the England average, but there are around 140 smoking related deaths each year.
- The rate of new cases of malignant melanoma skin cancer is higher than the England average.
- Local priorities highlighted in the Hampshire Local Area Agreement include tackling the rate of death from all causes, child obesity, teenage pregnancy and hospital admissions for alcohol related harm.
- The Hampshire Public Health Annual Report can be found at www.hampshire.nhs.uk

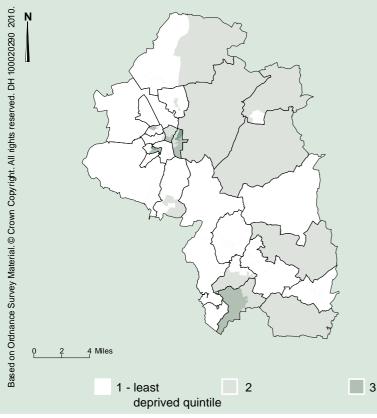


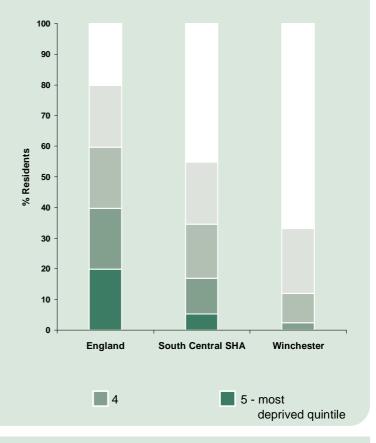
Deprivation: a national view

This map shows differences in deprivation levels in this area 2007 by Lower Super Output Area). The darkest coloured

based on national quintiles (of the Index of Multiple Deprivation areas are some of the most deprived areas in England.

This chart shows the percentage of the population in England, this region, and this area who live in each of these quintiles.



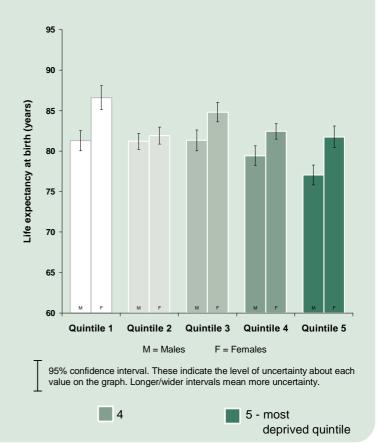


Health inequalities: a local view

This map shows differences in deprivation levels in this area based on local quintiles (of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 by Lower Super Output Area). The darkest coloured areas are the most deprived in this area.

Based on Ordnance Survey Material. © Crown Copyright. All rights reserved. DH 100020290 2010. 3 deprived quintile

This chart shows the life expectancy at birth for males and females (2004-2008) for each of the quintiles in this area.



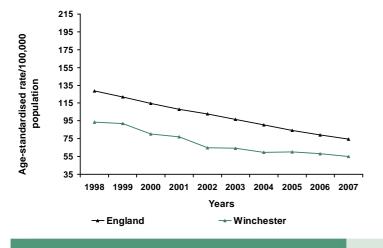
These graphs show how changes in death rates for this area compare with changes for the whole of England. Data points on the graph are mid-points of 3-year averages of yearly rates. For example the dot labelled 2003 represents the 3-year period 2002 to 2004.

Trend 1 compares rates of death, at all ages and from all causes, in this area with those for England.

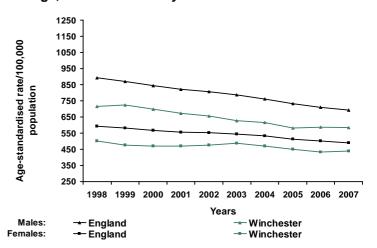
Trend 2 compares rates of early death from heart disease and stroke (in people under 75) in this area with those for England.

Trend 3 compares rates of early death from cancer (in people under 75) in this area with those for England.

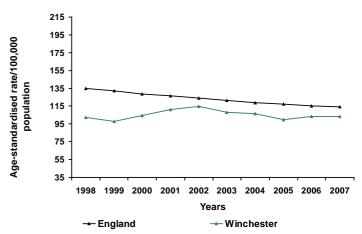
Trend 2: Early death rates from heart disease and stroke



Trend 1: All age, all cause mortality

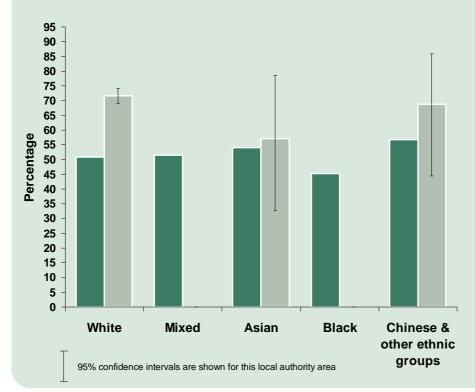


Trend 3: Early death rates from cancer



Health inequalities: ethnicity

This chart shows the percentage of pupils by ethnic group in this area who achieved five GCSEs in 2008/09 (A* to C grades including English and Maths). Comparing results may help find possible inequalities between ethnic groups.



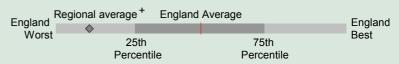
England Winchester

Ethnic Groups	% pupils achieved grades	No. of pupils achieved grades
White	71.7	831
Mixed		
Asian	57.1	8
Black		
Chinese/other	68.8	11

Health summary for Winchester

The chart below shows how the health of people in this area compares with the rest of England. This area's result for each indicator is shown as a circle. The average rate for England is shown by the red line, which is always at the centre of the chart. The range of results for all local areas in England is shown as a grey bar. A red circle means that this area is significantly worse than England for that indicator; however, a green circle may still indicate an important public health problem.

- Significantly worse than England average
- O Not significantly different from England average
- Significantly better than England average
- No significance can be calculated



⁺ In the South East Region this represents the Strategic Health Authority average

Domain	Indicator	Local No. Per Year	Local Value	Eng Avg	Eng Worst	England Range	Be
Our communities	1 Deprivation	0	0.0	19.9	89.2	♦0	(
	2 Children in poverty	1788	8.6	22.4	66.5	\Diamond	Г
	3 Statutory homelessness	32	0.72	2.48	9.84	\Diamond	
	4 GCSE achieved (5A*-C inc. Eng & Maths)	872	71.4	50.9	32.1	\Diamond	7
	5 Violent crime	1513	13.6	16.4	36.6	♦	Г
	6 Carbon emissions	934	8.4	6.8	14.4	0	
	7 Smoking in pregnancy	145	13.1	14.6	33.5	○ ♦	
s,e	8 Breast feeding initiation	903	79.7	72.5	39.7	○	9
oung people's health	9 Physically active children	7180	57.1	49.6	24.6	♦	
young people's health	10 Obese children	82	8.5	9.6	14.7	₩	
λ γ	11 Tooth decay in children aged 5 years	n/a	0.4	1.1	2.5	♦	
	12 Teenage pregnancy (under 18)	45	21.2	40.9	74.8	♦	
ъ	13 Adults who smoke	n/a	13.9	22.2	35.2	♦	
e th	14 Binge drinking adults	n/a	22.2	20.1	33.2	○ ◆	
s'health lifestyle	15 Healthy eating adults	n/a	33.6	28.7	18.3	♦ •	Ŀ
Adults' health and lifestyle	16 Physically active adults	n/a	13.3	11.2	5.4	♦ 0	
∢	17 Obese adults	n/a	17.9	24.2	32.8	○	
	18 Incidence of malignant melanoma	20	17.6	12.6	27.3		
	19 Incapacity benefits for mental illness	1095	16.2	27.6	58.5	\Diamond	
Disease and poor health	20 Hospital stays for alcohol related harm	1449	1020	1580	2860	♦ 0	Г
ease or hea	21 Drug misuse						
Dis	22 People diagnosed with diabetes	3595	3.19	4.30	6.72	○	2
	23 New cases of tuberculosis	1	1	15	110	♦ ○	
	24 Hip fracture in over-65s	115	407.5	479.2	643.5	\diamond	2
	25 Excess winter deaths	62	19.0	15.6	26.3	O >	
	26 Life expectancy - male	n/a	80.0	77.9	73.6	♦ •	[
fe expectancy and causes of death	27 Life expectancy - female	n/a	83.2	82.0	78.8		
	28 Infant deaths	3	2.77	4.84	8.67	♦ •	
sesn	29 Deaths from smoking	140	144.8	206.8	360.3	\Diamond	1
Life e cau	30 Early deaths: heart disease & stroke	70	55.3	74.8	125.0	♦ •	Ľ
	31 Early deaths: cancer	129	103.2	114.0	164.3	∞	
	32 Road injuries and deaths	97	87.5	51.3	167.0		1

Indicator Notes

1 % of people in this area living in 20% most deprived areas of England 2007 2 % of children living in families receiving means-tested benefits 2007 3 Crude rate per 1,000 households 2008/09 4 % at Key Stage 4 2008/09 5 Recorded violence against the person crimes crude rate per 1,000 population 2008/09 6 Total end user CO₂ emissions per capita (tonnes CO₂ per resident) 2007 7 % of mothers smoking in pregnancy where status is known 2008/09 8 % of mothers initiating breast feeding where status is known 2008/09 9 % of year 1-13 pupils who spend at least 3 hours per week on high quality PE and school sport 2008/09 10 % of school children in reception year 2008/09 11 Weighted mean number of teeth per 5 yr old child sampled that were actively decayed, missing or filled 2007/08 12 Under-18 conception rate per 1,000 females aged 15-17 (crude rate) 2006-2008 (provisional) 13 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2006-2008 (provisional) 13 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2007-2008 15 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2007-2008 16 % aged 16+ 2008/09 17 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2006-2008 18 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population 2008/09 (rounded) 21 New Problematic Drug User estimates were not available in time for inclusion 22 % of people on GP registers with a recorded diagnosis of diabetes 2008/09 23 Crude rate per 100,000 population 2006-2008 24 Directly age-standardised rate per 100,000 population 2008/09 25 Ratio of excess winter deaths (observed winter deaths minus expected deaths based on non-winter deaths) to average non-winter deaths 1.08.05- 31.07.08 26 At birth, 2006-2008 27 At birth, 2006-2008 28 Rate per 1,000 live births 2006-2008 31 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population under 75, 2006-2008 32 Rate per 100,000 population 2006-2008

More indicator information is available in The Indicator Guide: www.healthprofiles.info For information on your area contact your regional PHO: www.apho.org.uk